# The Overview of FinCEN Anti-Money Laundering Rule

## Fund Member Summit | March, 2025

Melissa Jay Murphy - General Counsel, The Fund

#### PURPOSE OF THE NEW RULE:

To help law enforcement identify and prosecute situations in which "dirty money" is used to purchase residential real estate

### **SOLUTION?**

Require closing agents to report all cash residential real estate transactions to an entity or trust!

Significant penalties if they do not comply

#### **BASICS**:

- Replaces the GTOs that cover 11 counties in Florida now.
- Will cover all of USA
- No \$ threshold, i.e., no minimum sales price
- Effective December 1, 2025
- Requires reporting of all cash (non-financed) transfers of residential property to an entity or trust.

- Definition of "residential property"
  - Property with a structure for 1-4 families
  - Vacant land on which buyer "intends" to build a home
- All types of "entities" included (profit and non-profit)

### WHO MUST REPORT? AKA "THE CASCADE"

- Lays out an order or "cascade" of responsibility
  - The person who is listed as the settlement agent on the Transferee settlement statement
  - The person who prepared the settlement statement
  - The person that files the deed or other instrument for recordation
  - The person that underwrites the owner's title insurance policy
  - The person that disburses the greatest amount of funds
  - The person that provides an evaluation of the status of the title
  - · The person that prepared the deed

### **EXEMPT TRANSACTIONS**

- Grant, transfer, or revocation of an easement
- Transfer resulting from the death of an individual
- Transfer incident to a divorce
- Transfer to a bankruptcy estate
- Transfer to a QI for a Sec 1031 exchange
- Transfer for which there is no reporting person
- Transfer "supervised by a court"
- Transfers for no consideration from an individual, their spouse, or both of them, to a trust of which the same individual(s) are the settlor/grantor
- "Corrective" deeds are "not transfers" and therefore not reportable

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### **INFORMATION REQUIRED:**

- Basic transactional information
- Information about Seller
  - Individuals: Full legal name, date of birth, current residential address, IRS TIN or equivalent
  - Entity: Legal name, DBA, current business address, TIN or equivalent
  - Trust: Full name of trust as listed on trust agreement; date trust agreement executed, TIN and legal name, address and TIN for Trustee (both individuals and entities)
- Information about Buyer
  - Purpose: to get to the flesh and blood individual beneficial owner of the entity/trust
  - Some situations can be very complicated/detailed
  - Who is a Beneficial Owner of an Entity?
    - Any individual who, directly or indirectly, either exercises substantial control OR owns or controls at least 25 percent of the ownership interests

- Information about Buyer (continued)
  - Substantial control includes
    - Senior officer
    - Authority to appoint board of senior officers
    - Direct decision making on important financial decisions including transfers of assets
  - Both profit and non-profit entities are covered
  - Who is a Beneficial Owner of a Trust?
    - Individual Trustee
    - An individual other than a trustee with authority to dispose of trust assets
    - Beneficiary that is the SOLE recipient of income/ principal or has right to demand distribution of substantially all of the assets
    - Grantor/settlor under a revocable trust
    - If an entity holds one of the covered positions, then the BO of that entity
- Beneficial Owner Information
  - Full legal name, DOB, Current residential address, Citizenship, Unique ID (TIN, etc)

### PAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE

- For each payment by Transferee or on their behalf to the settlement agent:
  - Amount of payment
  - Method of payment (wire, ACH, certified check, etc)
  - Name of financial institution payment was drawn on and the account number
  - Name of any payor on the wire or check if payor is not the Transferee

### **REASONABLE RELIANCE STANDARD**

- Allows a reporting person to "reasonably rely" on information provided by the parties
  - E.g., intention to build a home, addresses, etc.
- Stricter requirement for BOI for transferee entities and trusts
  - BOI information for Transferee must be "certified" in writing by entity representative to be accurate "to the best of their knowledge."

### **EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 1, 2025**

### **BUT BE PREPARED!**

Look for information about training and education from The Fund. We are here to help!