

Four Meal Liens and One Lean Lien

PACE, Construction, Attorney's Charging, Support and Hospital Liens

Presented by LEGAL EDUCATION

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Attorneys' Title Fund Services, Inc.

(800) 336-3863

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Four Mean Liens & One Lean Lien

PACE, Construction, Attorney's Charging, Support and Hospital Liens

Linda Monaco, B.C.S.
Senior Legal Education Attorney

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Overview - Liens

- PACE
- Construction
- Attorney's Charging
- Support
- Hospital





Δ

Special Concerns – Bankruptcy

- Tolling
 - Pending bankruptcy will toll all time periods for enforcement
 - 11 U.S.C. Sec. 108(c)(2)
 - 30 days after notice of termination or expiration of automatic stay
 - TN 5.06.05
- Validity
 - Lien may still be valid post bankruptcy; not extinguished
 - 11 U.S.C. Sec. 506
 - TN 5.06.07



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Special Concerns – Homestead

- Constitutional Homestead Protection
 - Fla. Const. Art. X, Sec. 4
- Does not apply to
 - Taxes and assessments on property
 - Obligations contracted for purchase, improvement, etc.
- No lien attaches to proceeds from sale of homestead property
 - As long as proceeds are reinvested in a reasonable amount of time after sale
 - Orange Brevard Plumbing & Heating Co. v. La Croix, 137 So.2d 201 (Fla. 1962)



Construction Liens

Ch. 713, F.S. TN 21.01.02

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Background

- · Codified in Ch. 713, F.S.
 - Must be precisely followed
- Equitable in nature
- Protects
 - Improvement providers
 - Owners of real property
- Chapter 21 Title Notes (Construction Liens)





Background

- Sec. 713.03, F.S.
 - Professional services
 - Architect, landscape architect, interior designer, engineer or surveyor and mapper
- Sec. 713.04, F.S.
 - Subdivision improvements
- No Notice of Commencement
- Simply record a claim of lien
- Once a claim of lien is satisfied a discharge should be recorded
 - Sec. 713.21, F.S.



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Background

- Notice of Commencement (NOC)
 - Codified in Sec. 713.13, F.S.
 - For Liens
 - Lienor in privity
 - Sec. 713.05, F.S.
 - Lienor without privity
 - Sec. 713.06, F.S.
 - Improvements over \$2500



NOC

- It is NOT
 - Lien
 - Cloud on title
 - Encumbrance
- It is
 - Constructive notice claim of lien may be recorded
 - If recorded priority will relate back to recording date of the NOC
 - TN 21.03.02 exception for NOC
 - SCC NOC03



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Claim of Lien

- Lienor
 - Employer or contract
 - · Labor, services, materials furnished
 - Value
 - Timing of furnishing
- Real property and owner
- Unpaid amount
- In privity or details if not
- Sworn to or affirmed
- Sec. 713.08, F.S.



Claim of Lien



- Recorded
- Served on owner
- Anytime during work
- No later than 90 days after final furnishing



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Priority

- Claim of lien with no NOC
 - As of time of recording claim of lien
- Claim of lien with NOC
 - Priority relates back to date NOC recorded, if NOC has not expired
 - If NOC has expired, then at time of recording





Duration

- To record a claim of lien
 - Up to 90 days after final furnishing
- Claim of lien
 - Valid for 1 year after recording
- Action to begin prior to expiration
 - Sec. 713.22, F.S.
 - Title Standard 8.2
 - TN 21.02.02

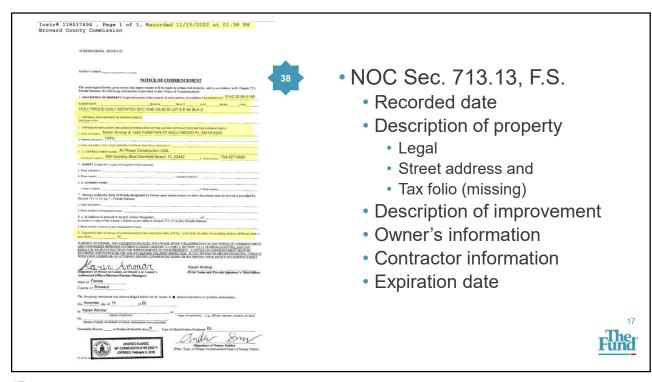


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Extension

- Claim of Lien
 - May be extended by
 - Filing an amended claim of lien
 - · With a later date of final furnishing
 - Beyond 1 year
 - During pendency of an action but only if a lis pendens is recorded





Instr# 118782317 , Page 1 of 1, Recorded 04/07/2023 at 03:42 PM Broward County Commission · Claim of Lien Sec. 713.08, THIS INSTRUMENT WAS PREPARED BY AND PLEASE RETURN TO: Steven Fine, Early Steven Fine, Early MERICAN BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS SUPPLY CO., MC. MC. ALCOUPPE, CO., MC. ONE ABC PARKWAY BELOIT, WISCONSIN 53511 809 493-7869. F.S. Recording date 800-403-7660 W/O #: 4380162 / JOB #: 00986853-018 Duration Lienor Name THIS LEGAL DOCUMENT REFLECTS THAT A CONSTRUCTION OF THE PLACED ON THE REAL PROPERTY LISTED HEREIN, UNLESS THE DWINER OF SUCH PROPERTY TAKES ACTION TO SHORTEN THE THAT PERIOD, THIS LEM HAY PERIAN ALLID FOR DWINER OF SUCH PROPERTY TAKES ACTION TO SHORTEN THE THAT PERIOD, THIS DIED HAY PERIAN ALLID FOR DWINE PERIOD. THIS DIED HAY PERIAN LEXPIRE AND BECOME NULL AND VOID THEREAFTER UNLESS LEGAL PROCEEDINGS HAVE BEEN COMMENCED TO FORECLOSE OR TO DISCHARGE THIS LIEN. Address Amount owed Claim of Lien Labor, services or materials furnished Legal Job Address: 1320 Funston St Hollywood, Florida 33019-2220
Folio Number: 514223061160
Regal Description: EAST 60 FEET OF LOT S IN BLOCK 2 OF HOLLYWOOD GOLF ESTATES SECTION 1, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF, AS RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 53, AT PAGE 50, OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF BROWARD OF T Owner Time of first and last item of DC: Recorded in Instrument Number: 118517494, according to the Public Records of BROWARD County, Florida labor or service Which property is owned by KAREN AMMAR AND ANY UNKNOWN SPOUSE, of total value of Twelve Thousand Five Hundred and Two Dollars and Ninely Four Cents (\$12,502.94), of which there remains unpaid Five Thousand Six Hundred and Sixty Four Dollars and Thirty Two Cents (\$5.64.22) plus interest, legal fees and collection costs, and furnished the first of the bems on December 13, 2022, and the last of the items on January 18, 2023 and that the lient one served herbins notice to December 16, 2022, by Certified Main; and that the lienor served copies of the notice on the contractor and sub December 16, 2022, by Certified Main; and that the lienor served copies of the notice on the contractor and sub December 16, 2022.

Attorney's Charging Lien

Equitable Right in Common Law TN 18.06.01

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Background

- Different kind of lien
- Equitable right
- Secures sums due
 - Fees
 - Costs
- Property which serves as security is subject of suit
- Protects rights of attorney
- Must put client on notice that fees and costs will be protected by real property
 - Riveiro v. Mason, 82 So.3d 1094 (Fla. 2d DCA 2012)



Background

- No statutory guide
- Timely notice
 - Sinclair, Louis, Siegel, Heath, Nussbaum & Zavertnik, P.A. v. Baucom, 428 So.2d 1383 (Fla. 1983)
 - Filing a notice of claim of lien
 - Pursue the lien in original action
 - Summary proceeding
 - Usually in official records
 - · May only appear in litigation Order
- Notice of claim of charging lien vs. Order from court of charging lien

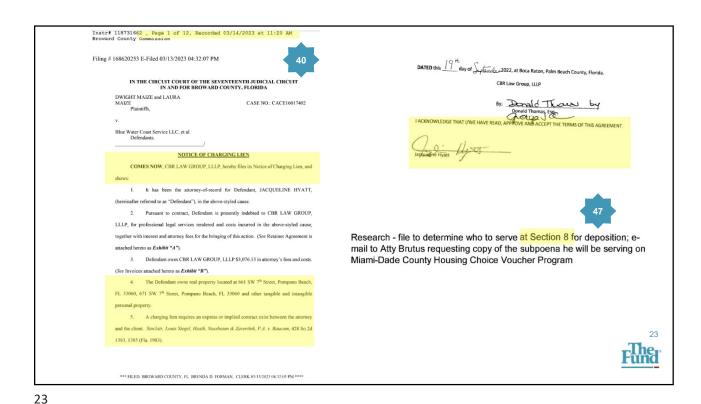


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Priority & Enforcement

- Priority
 - As recorded
- Enforcement
 - Same time period as judgments
 - Sec. 55.10. F.S.
- Additional case law
 - Basic
 - In re Warner's Estate, 160 Fla.460 (Fla. 1948)
 - Failure to allege essential elements
 - Lochner v. Monaco, Cardillo & Keith, P.A., 551 So. 2d 581 (Fla. 2d DCA 1989)
 - (No relation)





TN 18.06.01

- B-I requirement for anything which looks like
 - Notice of charging lien
 - Claim for a charging lien
 - Order for charging lien
- Notice or order must be satisfied or otherwise released of record prior to closing
- Doubts? contact underwriting counsel





Support Liens

Sec. 61.14(6)(a)1, F.S. TN 18.06.10

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Periodic Payments – Background

- Periodic payments
 - Order to pay per month
 - Not an automatic lien on real property
- No requirement necessary for commitment





Lump Sum – Background

- Final judgment for lump sum child support
- Subject to provisions of Sec. 55.10, F.S.
 - Knox's Basic Judgment Lien Paradigm or
 - A, B, C, D of Easy Guide to Perfected Judgments
- If perfected, then it is a B-I requirement for commitment
 - Satisfaction by recipient parent or
 - Release by recipient parent
 - TN 18.06.10



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Arrearage - Background

- Child support payments
 - Delinquent if not paid when due
 - May become judgment by operation of law after notice
 - Sec. 61.14, F.S.
- Obligor is 15 days delinquent
- Local depository shall serve notice
 - Details of delinquency
 - Fees and costs
 - Right to object
 - Possible report to credit agencies



Arrearage - Service

- Service by first class mail
- Service is complete on date of mailing







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Arrearage – Post Notice

- Obligor has 15 days from service to contest
- Court shall hear motion within 15 days
- · After hearing or
- No motion filed and no payment
 - Final judgment by operation of law
 - 16 days after completion of service
- No further steps for perfection
 - · No certified copy required
- Sec. 61.14, F.S.





Estoppel Request – Sec. 61.14 (6)(f)

- Payoff statement
 - Any person may request
 - · Local depository (county clerk) shall issue
 - Service charge up to \$25
 - Total amount due at time of request
 - Good for 30 days from issue
 - · Unless proof of satisfaction of judgment is provided
- When current, depository shall record satisfaction of judgment upon
 - Request and
 - Payment of recording fee



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Making Payments Additional Payment Options **Depository Number** Your Florida depository number is 13 digits starting with a county code followed by your court case number. When making payments online, choose your county from the options list and enter the Florida State Disbursement Unit remaining 11 digits in the Court Case Number field. Tallahassee, Florida 32314-8500 Example: Your depository number: 01220000005XX You will need to include your name, the other parent's name, and child support case number or Choose the county, in this example 01 = Alachua, and enter 22000005XX as the Court Case Number County + Court Case Number = Depository Number (2 digits) (11 digits) (13 digits) MyFloridaCounty 220000005XX 01220000005XX MyFloridaCounty.com Case Information: Fees: Credit card fee is 3.5%. The electronic check fee is \$5. Depository Number is County + Court Case Number (13 digits) County (2 digit code): Alachua-01 Z20000005XX Processing time: Credit card is 2 days and electronic check is 4 days XAMPLEE EXAMPLE EXAMP Child Support Case Number (10 digit code): Money Transfer Services AMSCOT MoneyGram Your depository number is available in your eServices account. If you don't know your depository number or your order was issued in another state, please call the State Disbursement Unit: 1-877-769-Processing time: Up to 7 business days.

Partial Release

- Depository at direction of
 - Department of Revenue or
 - Recipient in non-IV-D case
- May partially release judgment as to specific real property
- Upon receipt of appropriate recording fee
- Sec. 61.14(6)(f)3, F.S.



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Duration

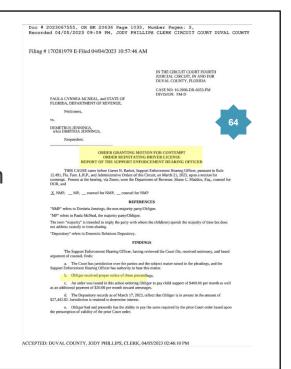
- The obligation to pay child support terminates when
 - Child reaches 18 or
 - Disability of nonage is removed (emancipation)
- The termination of current child support does NOT terminate obligation to pay
 - Arrearage
 - Retroactive
 - Delinquency or
 - Costs owed
- Sec. 61.14(9), F.S.



With a Hearing

- Certification of delinquency
- Notice
- No motion filed
- Final judgment by operation of law
- No requirement for certified copy

The Fund



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Hospital Claim of Lien

TN 18.06.06 County Ordinances

Background

- Designed to place a lien on proceeds of a suit or insurance proceeds
- Generally considered not to affect real property
- Hospital is putting law firm or an insurance company on notice





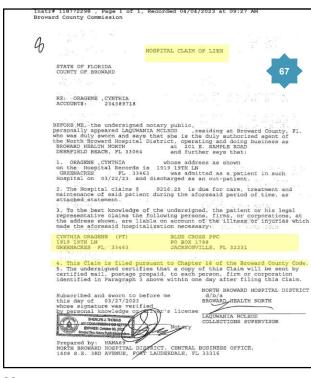
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Background

- Created by special acts or local ordinances
- Lien for services provided for injury or illness
- Lien upon all
 - Causes of action
 - Suits
 - Claims
 - Counterclaims
 - Demands
 - Settlements
 - Judgments







Hospital Claim of Lien

- Pursuant to Chapter 16 of Broward County Code
- Lists responsible parties
- Not a lien on real property





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Broward County, FL Code of Ordinances



Sec. 16-13. - Established.

Every individual, partnership, firm, association, corporation, institution and governmental unit, and every combination of any of the foregoing, operating a hospital shall be entitled to a lien for all reasonable charges for hospital care, treatment and maintenance of ill or injured persons upon any and all causes of action, suits, claims, counterclaims and demands accruing to the persons to whom such care, treatment or maintenance are furnished, or accruing to the legal representatives of such persons, and upon all judgments, settlements and settlement agreements rendered or entered into by virtue thereof, on account of illness or injuries giving rise to such causes of action, suits, claims, counterclaims, demands, judgment, settlement or settlement agreement and which necessitate or shall have necessitated such hospital care, treatment and maintenance.

(Sp. Acts 1955, Ch. 30615, § 1)

Pursuant to Chapter 16 of Broward County Code



TN 18.06.06

- Hospital claim of lien may purport to impose a lien on real property
 - States it is a lien on real property and/or
 - · Includes a legal description
- Contact underwriting counsel





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PACE Liens

Property Assessed Clean Energy Loans Sec. 163.081, F.S. – Residential Property, Sec. 163.082, F.S. – Commercial Property

Background

- Alternative financing for improvements
 - Residential
 - Central sewer systems, roof, flood and water, windows, doors, heating, cooling ventilation, insulation, energy-efficient water heaters, permanent generator, renewal energy improvements
 - Sec. 168.08 (4) (a), F.S.
 - Commercial
 - Waste system, resiliency improvements, energy conservation, renewable energy, water conservation
 - Sec. 168.08 (4) (a), F.S.
- Voluntary participation by local government
- Secured by financial agreement between owners and local government
 - May be administered by private entity
 - Payments via special assessment on tax bill
 - Assumable with no approval



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Background

- Statue updated in 2024 requires
 - More disclosures
 - More qualifications
 - More agreements (commercial)
 - Right to cancel (residential)
 - Stricter advertising constraints



Requirements

- Owner must send notice to current mortgage holder or servicer
 - At least 5 business days prior to entering into agreement
 - Details of agreement
 - Verified copy or other proof of notice to be provided to local government
- Acceleration or unilateral modification of existing loan/mortgage can not be solely due to entering a PACE agreement
- Sec. 163.081(5), F.S.



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Requirements - Residential

- Before agreement
 - All owners must agree to provisions of agreement
 - Sec. 163.08 (3)
 - 3 business days right of rescission
 - Sec. 163.081(6)
 - Program administrator must quality, property, and owners
 - Sec. 168.081 (3)
- After agreement
 - Requires owner to give written disclosure of assessment to prospective purchaser
 - At or before seller's execution of contract
 - Sec. 163.081(8), F.S.
 - New owner subject to financing agreement



Requirements - Commercial

- Before agreement
 - All owners must agree to provisions of agreement
 - Sec. 163.08 (3)
 - Program administrator must
 - · Receive consent of all lienholders, and servicers
 - Sec. 163.082(3)
 - Qualify owners, and property
 - Sec. 163.082(4)
- After agreement
 - Requires owner to give written disclosure of assessment to prospective purchaser
 - At or before seller's execution of contract
 - Sec. 163.082(7), F.S.
 - New owner subject to financing agreement



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Critical Information

- No discount for early payments
 - November vs. March
 - Residential Sec. 163.081 (1)(e), F.S.
 - Commercial Sec. 163.082 (1)(e), F.S.
- May need to pay in full prior to sale or refinance
 - New mortgage will not accept second position
 - Residential Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac require payoff
- Will cause
 - Escrow shortage first year
 - Significant adjustment to escrow payments



Notice of PACE Agreement

- Record in public records
 - Summary Memorandum of Agreement
 - Addendum to Financing Agreement
- Priority
 - Superior to all private liens including
 - Purchase money mortgages
 - Deeds of trust
 - Other security instruments
 - Assessment is non-ad valorem
 - No foreclosure
 - Tax certificate for failure to pay



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Duration / Extension

- Duration
 - Pursuant to Agreement or Addendum
- Extension
 - None
- Additional information
 - The Good, The Bad & The Ugly of PACE Financing
 - The Fund's on-demand webinar
 - www.FloridaPACE.gov



Instr \sharp 114381798, Page 1 of 12, Recorded 05/12/2017 at 03:29 PM Broward County Commission

This instrument was prepared by or under the super of (and after recording should be returned to):

Joseph P. Stanton
Broad & Cassel
Bank of America Center
390 North Orange Avenue
Suite 1400

LIMITED PURPOSE PARTY MEMBERSHIP AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE FLORIDA RESILIENCY AND ENERGY DISTRICT AND BROWARD COUNTY

This Limited Purpose Party Membership Agreement (the "Agreement") is entered into this 2^{2d} day of $\binom{n}{2m_{-}}$, 2012 by and between the FLORIDA RESILIENCY AND ENERGY DISTRICT "PERED"), a public body corporate and politic created as a separate legal entity pursuant to Section 163.017). Florida Statuste, and BROWARD COUNTY, a political subdivision of the State of Florida (the "County") (collectively, the "Parties") for the purpose of providing a Property Assessed Clean Energy ("PACE") program within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County.

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 163.08(1), Florida Statutes ("F.S."), the Florida legislature determined that certain renewable energy, energy conservation and efficiency, and wind resistance improvements ("Qualifying Improvements') provide a special benefit to real property by alleviating the property's burden from energy consumption and/or reducing the property's burden from potential wind damage; and

WHEREAS, in order to make such Qualifying Improvements more affortable and assist property owners who wish to undertake such improvements, the Florida legislature also determined that there is a compelling state interest in enabling property owners to voluntarily finance such Qualifying Improvements with the assistance of local governments, through the execution of financing agreements and the related imposition of voluntary, non-4 valorem special assessments; and

WHEREAS, an Interlocal Agreement, dated September 6, 2016, as amended and supplemented from time to time, most recently on January 10, 2107, (the "Interlocal Agreement") was entered into between the Town of Lake Clarke Shores, the City of Fernandina Beach, any subsequent parties thereof the "FRED Public Spagneics"), and, the limited capacity described therein, the Florida Development Finance Corporation ("FDFC" and, together with the Public Agencies, the "FRED Parties"), for the purpose of facilitating the financing of Qualifying Improvements for properties located within FRED's aggregate jurisdictional boundaries via the levy and collection of voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments on improved property; and

FDFC_12-21-16



SECTION 2. PURPOSE. The purpose of this Agreement is to facilitate the financing of Qualifying Improvements through a PACE program, in accordance with Section 163.08, Florida Statutes, and provide an efficient process for real property owners within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County to access the PACE program and permit FRED to administer the PACE program within such jurisdictional boundaries.

SECTION 16. AGREEMENTS WITH TAX COLLECTOR AND PROPERTY APPRAISER. This Agreement shall be subject to the express condition precedent that FRED enter into separate agreement(s) with the tax collector and the property appraiser within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County, which shall provide for the collection and distribution of any of the voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by FRED within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County. If required by the tax collector and property appraiser, the County agrees to enter into those agreements as a third-party to facilitate the collection and distribution of the voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by FRED.



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ERECURED

STATE OF A STATE OF THE STATE OF T

- NOC
- Recorded Dec. 2, 2021
- 12 windows and 3 doors
- Expires (blank) so 1 year
- Signed Nov. 18, 2021

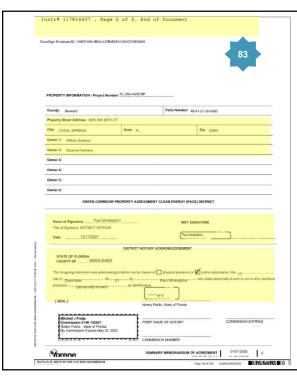




- 2 Page Summary Memorandum of Agreement
- Recorded Dec. 20, 2021
- Costs and terms of financing
- Maximum total financing amount
- Maximum annual assessment
- Legal description
- Initial description of qualifying improvements



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- 2nd Page of Summary Memorandum of Agreement
- Street address & Owners
- Paul Winkeljohn signed
- Notarized

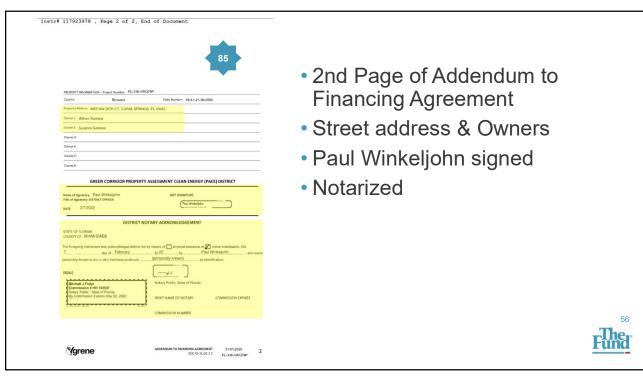


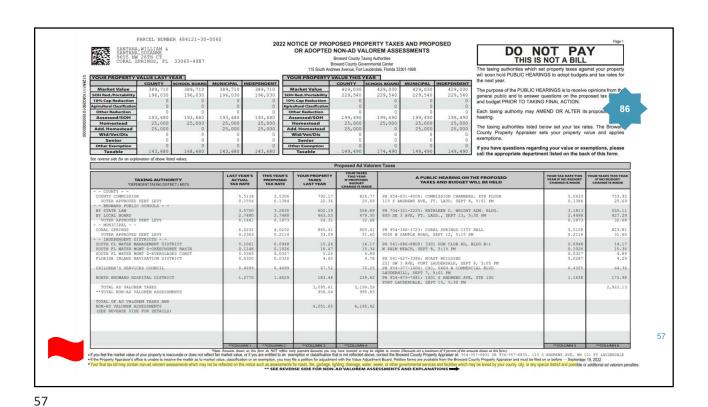


- Addendum to Financing Agreement
- After improvements
- Legal Description
- Final description of improvements
- Final Terms
 - 30 years rate 7.99 %
 - \$3.975.33 per year
 - \$119,259.90 in total

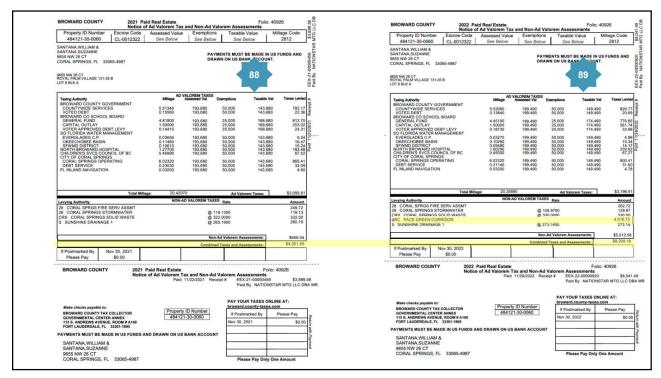


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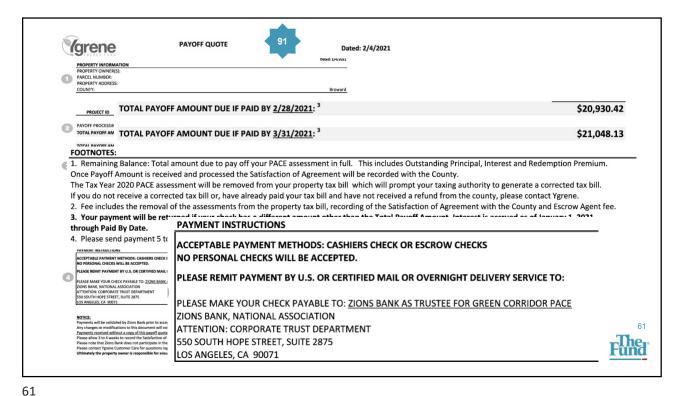




Compared to the compared of the compared of







Timing of Assessment

- Servicer sends assessment amount to tax collector On or before Aug. 15th each year
 - Sec. 163.081 (1)(e), F.S. residential
 - Sec. 163.082 (1)(e), F.S. commercial
- Once sent, payoff may not include that assessment
- Keep alert for Summary Memorandum of Agreement or Amendment to Agreement
- Assessment amount may not by on tax bill
- · Will need to be paid in full if there is a new loan
- May also need to make first payment plus administrative fees



Ghost Assessment

- Improvement is complete
- First assessment
 - Sent to assessor no later than Aug. 15th
 - May not appear on Trim Notice
- Closing in October
- Receive a payoff of PACE loan
 - Does not include first assessment because is has been sent to the assessor
- Will need to hold the assessment plus a small administrative fee until first tax bill



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What to Do?

- PACE loans are different
- Do not discount
- Try to verify if current assessment has been sent to tax collector
- Require parties to execute a re-proration/post-closing adjustment agreement for
 - Ad valorem and
 - Non-ad valorem taxes
- Escrow funds until tax bill
- Call underwriting for further instructions



PACE Resources

- The Good, The Bad & The Ugly of PACE Financing
 - On-demand webinar at www.TheFund.com
- "Tips for Addressing PACE Liens," 52 Fund Concept 1 (Jan. 2020)
- "Keeping Pace with P.A.C.E. Liens," 50 Fund Concept 102 (Oct. 2018)
- "PACE Picks up in Florida," 49 Fund Concept 101 (Sep. 2017)



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Review

- Construction liens
 - Relate back to the NOC
- Attorneys' charging liens
 - · Looks like a charging lien or notice make it a requirement
- Support liens
 - Lump sum in a final judgment needs to be perfected
 - Delinquency with notice and time requires no further perfection
- PACE liens
 - Payoff amount may not be accurate



Review

- Hospital liens
 - · Lien on the claim
 - Not a lien on real property
 - Review to see if it attempts to attach to real property





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Thank you for your time and attention

For more information please contact:

Linda Monaco, B.C.S.

Lmonaco@TheFund.com



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Instr# 118517494 , Page 1 of 1, Recorded 11/15/2022 at 01:38 PM Broward County Commission

AFTER RECORDING - RETURN TO:

PERMIT NUMBER:
NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT
The undersigned hereby gives notice that improvement will be made to certain real property, and in accordance with Chapter 713, Florida Statutes, the following information is provided in this Notice of Commencement.
1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY (Legal description of the property & street address, if available) TAX FOLIO NO.: 5142 23 09 0190
SUBDIVISION BLOCK TRACT LOT BLDG UNIT
HOLLYWOOD GOLF ESTATES SEC ONE 53-50 B LOT 6 E 60 BLK 2
2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF IMPROVEMENT: Solar Panels on Roof
3. OWNER INFORMATION OR LESSEE INFORMATION IF THE LESSEE CONTRACTED FOR THE IMPROVEMENT: a. Name and address: Karen Ammar & 1320 FUNSTON ST HOLLYWOOD FL 33019-2220
b. Interest in property: 100%
c. Name and address of fee simple titleholder (if different from Owner listed above):
4. a. CONTRACTOR'S NAME: All Phase Construction USA
Contractor's address: 590 Goolsby Blvd Deerfield Beach, FL 33442 b. Phone number: 754-227-5605
5. SURETY (if applicable, a copy of the payment bond is attached):
a. Name and address:
b. Phone number: c. Amount of bond: S
6. a. LENDER'S NAME;
Lender's address: b. Phone number:
7. Persons within the State of Florida designated by Owner upon whom notices or other documents may be served as provided by Section 713.13 (1) (a) 7., Florida Statutes:
a. Name and address:
b. Phone numbers of designated persons:
8. a. In addition to himself or herself, Owner designates of to receive a copy of the Lienor's Notice as provided in Section 713.13 (1) (b), Florida Statutes.
b. Phone number of person or entity designated by Owner:
9. Expiration date of notice of commencement (the expiration date will be 1 year from the date of recording unless a different date is specified):
WARNING TO OWNER: ANY PAYMENTS MADE BY THE OWNER AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT ARE CONSIDERED IMPROPER PAYMENTS UNDER CHAPTER 713, PART I, SECTION 713-13, FLORIDA STATUTES, AND CAN RESULT IN YOUR PAYING TWICE FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY. A NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT MUST BE RECORDED AND POSTED ON THE JOB SITE BEFORE THE FIRST INSPECTION. IF YOU INTEND TO OBTAIN FINANCING, CONSULT WITH YOUR LENDER OR AN ATTORNEY BEFORE COMMENCING WORK OR RECORDING YOUR NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT.
(Signature of Owner or Lessee, or Owner's or Lessee's Authorized Officer/Director/Partner/Manager) Karen Ammar (Print Name and Provide Signatory's Title/Office)
State of Florida
County of Broward
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me by means of ■ physical presence or □ online notarization,
this November day of 15 , 20 22
by Karen Ammar
by Karen Ammar , as (type of authority,e.g. officer, trustee, attorney in fact) for
(name of party on behalf of whom instrument was executed)
Personally Known or Produced Identification X Type of Identification Produced DL
ANDRES SUAREZ MY COMMISSION # HH 226071 EXPIRES: February 8, 2026 (Signature of Notary Public) (Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public) 38

Instr# 118782317 , Page 1 of 1, Recorded 04/07/2023 at 03:42 PM Broward County Commission

THIS INSTRUMENT WAS PREPARED BY AND PLEASE RETURN TO:
Steven Fine, Esq.
AMERICAN BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS SUPPLY CO., INC. - ABC SUPPLY CO., INC.
ARIELA WAGNER
ONE ABC PARKWAY BELOIT, WISCONSIN 53511
800-403-7660
W/O #: 4380162 / JOB #: 00986853-018

WARNING!

THIS LEGAL DOCUMENT REFLECTS THAT A CONSTRUCTION LIEN HAS BEEN PLACED ON THE REAL PROPERTY LISTED HEREIN, UNLESS THE OWNER OF SUCH PROPERTY TAKES ACTION TO SHORTEN THE TIME PERIOD, THIS LIEN MAY REMAIN VALID FOR ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF RECORDING, AND SHALL EXPIRE, AND BECOME NULL AND VOID THEREAFTER UNLESS LEGAL PROCEEDINGS HAVE BEEN COMMENCED TO FORECLOSE OR TO DISCHARGE THIS LIEN.

Claim of Lien

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF BROWARD

BEFORE ME, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared Ariela Wagner, who being the duly sworn, says that he/she is Agent of the lienor herein, AMERICAN BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS SUPPLY CO., INC. - ABC SUPPLY CO., INC., whose principal address is One ABC Parkway, Beloit, Wisconsin 53511, and that in pursuance of agreement with ALL PHASE CONSTRUCTION USA LLC, whose address is 590 GOOLSBY BLVD, Deerfield Beach, Florida 33442-3021, lienor furnished labor, services and/or materials consisting of roofing and/or other exterior building materials and products, and Misc. Labor and/or Materials, on the following described real property in BROWARD County, Florida.

Job Address: 1320 Funston St Hollywood, Florida 33019-2220

Folio Number: 514223090190

Legal Description: EAST 60 FEET OF LOT 6 IN BLOCK 2 OF HOLLYWOOD GOLF ESTATES SECTION 1, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF, AS RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 53, AT PAGE 50, OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF BROWARD COUNTY

NOC: Recorded in Instrument Number: 118517494, according to the Public Records of BROWARD County, Florida

Which property is owned by KAREN AMMAR AND ANY UNKNOWN SPOUSE, of total value of Twelve Thousand Five Hundred and Two Dollars and Ninety Four Cents (\$12,502.94), of which there remains unpaid Five Thousand Six Hundred and Sixty Four Dollars and Thirty Two Cents (\$5,664.32) plus interest, legal fees and collection costs, and furnished the first of the items on December 13, 2022, and the last of the items on January 18, 2023 and that the lienor served her/his notice to owner on December 16, 2022, by Certified Mail; and that the lienor served copies of the notice on the contractor and subcontractor on December 16, 2022.

AMERICAN BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS SUPPLY CO., INC. - ABC SUPPLY CO., INC. One ABC Parkway Beloit, Wisconsin 53511 800-403-7660 ARIELA WAGNER, Agent STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF BROWARD The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 7 day of 100 (2023) by ARIELA WAGNER, Agent for AMERICAN BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS SUPPLY CO., INC. ABC SUPPLY CO., INC., by online notarization, personally known or physical presence and who has produced as identification, and who did/did not take an oath May Votary Public, State of Florida Notary Public State of Florida NICOLE L. LETTERA My Commission HH 000029

Expires 05/14/2024

Instr# 118731662 , Page 1 of 12, Recorded 03/14/2023 at 11:20 AM Broward County Commission

Filing # 168620253 E-Filed 03/13/2023 04:32:07 PM

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SEVENTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

CACE16017402

DWIGHT MAIZE and LAURA MAIZE Plaintiffs,		CASE NO.:
v.		
Blue Water Coast Service LLC, et al Defendants.		
	/	

NOTICE OF CHARGING LIEN

COMES NOW, CBR LAW GROUP, LLLP, hereby files its Notice of Charging Lien, and shows:

- 1. It has been the attorney-of-record for Defendant, JACQUELINE HYATT, (hereinafter referred to as "Defendant"), in the above-styled cause.
- 2. Pursuant to contract, Defendant is presently indebted to CBR LAW GROUP, LLLP, for professional legal services rendered and costs incurred in the above-styled cause, together with interest and attorney fees for the bringing of this action. (*See* Retainer Agreement is attached hereto as *Exhibit "A"*).
- 3. Defendant owes CBR LAW GROUP, LLLP \$3,076.13 in attorney's fees and costs. (See Invoices attached hereto as *Exhibit "B"*).
- 4. The Defendant owns real property located at 661 SW 7th Street, Pompano Beach, FL 33060, 671 SW 7th Street, Pompano Beach, FL 33060 and other tangible and intangible personal property.
- 5. A charging lien requires an express or implied contract exist between the attorney and the client. *Sinclair, Louis Siegel, Heath, Nussbaum & Zavertink, P.A. v. Baucom*, 428 So.2d 1383, 1385 (Fla. 1983).

CASE NO.: CACE16017402

- 6. The undersigned attorneys file a Lien on any and all assets or properties that are the subject in the instant action.
- 7. A Charging Lien is necessary in order to protect counsels' fees and costs until such time as said fees and costs are paid.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via the Florida Court's E-Filing Portal's e-service system on this <u>13th</u> day of March 2023.

By: /s/Donald J. Thomas

Donald J. Thomas, Esq. Florida Bar No. 834599 Georgia T. Garnecki, Esq. Florida Bar No. 0068807

CBR Law Group, LLLP

Fifth Avenue Place
55 N.E. 5th Avenue
Suite 503
Boca Raton, FL 33432
Telephone: 561.609.1515
Facsimile: 561.368.0293
don@cbrlawgroup.com
georgia@cbrlawgroup.com
paralegal@cbrlawgroup.com

EXHIBIT "A"



CBR LAW GROUP LLLP

AGREEMENT TO EMPLOY LAW FIRM

THIS AGREEMENT is made on this 17 day of ______, 2022 by and between Jacqueline Hyatt, hereinafter referred to as "Client," and CBR Law Group, LLLP. I do hereby retain and employ the law firm of CBR Law Group, LLLP, hereinafter referred to as "Law Firm," as my attorneys, subject to the following terms and conditions:

I. SUBJECT MATTER AND SCOPE OF AGREEMENT

Client hereby retains and employs Law Firm to perform the following services on behalf of Client:

Representation as co-counsel in trial proceedings for lawsuit by Dwight Maze, Case No. 2019-025579-CA-01 in Miami Dade County and CACE-16-017402 in Broward County

It is understood that if Law Firm performs legal services for client on matter(s) other than as specified above, unless the parties otherwise agree in writing, the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall apply. It is also understood that any litigation services to be performed by Law Firm will be at the trial level only and Law Firm will not be required to perform pre or post judgment appeals or collection of any judgment awarded to Client, absent further written agreement between the parties.

II. COMPENSATION OF LAW FIRM

Prior to the commencement of work by Law Firm, Client shall remit to Law Firm the sum of \$10,350.00 (to be collected in three payments: \$3,500 to be received upon signing, \$3,425 by September 30, and \$3,425.00 by October 14) and Law firm shall bill against this retainer, at the following hourly rates: \$450.00 per hour for all time spent by Partners of the firm, \$300.00 per hour

for all time spent by Attorneys of the firm and \$175.00 per hour for all time spent by Legal Assistants of Law Firm. The services to be provided may include but not be limited to, research, drafting of documents, filing of pleadings, conduct of discovery, attendance at Court and/or conferences etc., as well as travel to and from all such events. It is expressly understood that the Law Firm is unable to estimate the total number of hours and total amount of fees that may be incurred on Client's behalf due to variables and factors outside the control of the Law Firm that may affect the amount of time needed to adequately represent the Client's interests. Should Bankruptcy be required, said proceedings shall be by a separate Retainer Agreement. Representation in any Bankruptcy proceeding shall be performed under a separate Bankruptcy Retainer Agreement.

III. COSTS AND OTHER EXPENSES

All third party expenses incurred by Law Firm on Client's behalf, including costs of subpoenas, filing fees, costs of photocopies, etc., will be paid by Client in addition to the compensation paid to Law Firm for the services it renders for Client.

IV. RETAINER/ADVANCE PAYMENT

Prior to the commencement of work by Law Firm, Client shall remit to Law Firm the sum of \$10,350.00 as advance payment for services expected to be performed. This payment is non-refundable and will be considered earned when paid.

V. COST DEPOSIT

So.00 as advanced payment. Any unused portion of this payment is refundable to Client at the conclusion of the matter. In the event that Law Firm requires any additional cost deposit for payment of costs incurred and/or expected to be incurred by Law Firm on behalf of Client, Client agrees to make immediate payment for payment of any such additional cost deposit requested by Law Firm. Additionally, Law Firm may from time to time, forward bills for costs incurred on behalf of Client, directly to Client for payment and Client agrees to immediately remit payment upon its receipt of any such bills.

VI. RETENTION OF LAW FIRM'S FEES

In the event that monies become payable to Client during the course of Law Firm's representation of Client, Law Firm is authorized to receive all such sums. Upon receipt thereof, Law Firm shall deposit said sums in the Law Firm's trust account and disburse said sums to Client after deducting fees and expenses due and owing to Law Firm. In the event that monies are owed to other persons for services rendered on behalf of Client in connection with the subject matter of this Agreement, Law Firm is hereby authorized, at Law Firm's discretion, to make payment on Client's behalf to all such persons appropriate, out of the settlement or judgment proceeds.

VII. INDEMNIFICATION

In the event that any claim is made against Law Firm by persons claiming an interest in money or other property that comes into the possession or control of Law Firm during the representation of Client under this Agreement, Client agrees to indemnify and hold Law Firm harmless and further agrees to pay for any necessary legal representation or defense of Law Firm by any attorney(s) that Law Firm retains in connection with any such claim presented.

VIII. COLLECTION COSTS

If it becomes necessary for Law Firm to take any action to collect any sums due to Law Firm from Client under this Agreement, Client shall pay all costs incurred by Law Firm in connection with its efforts and Client shall further be responsible for payment of reasonable attorney's fees incurred by Law Firm at the rate set forth in Paragraph II of this Agreement whether same are incurred prior to or after institution of Court proceedings.

IX. NONWAIVER PROVISION

There is to be no change or waiver of any of the provisions of this Agreement unless the change is in writing and signed by Law Firm and Client.

X. LIEN

Client hereby gives Law Firm a lien on any and all of Client's property, materials or proceeds which come into the possession of Law Firm during the course of its representation of Client to secure payment of any monies due to Law Firm from Client.

XI. NO GUARANTEE

It is agreed that the Law Firm has made no guarantee regarding successful completion of Client's case and all expressions relative thereto are matters of the Law Firm's opinion only.

XII. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

At this time, Law Firm is unaware of any Conflict of Interest or potential Conflict of Interest that may exist in the representation of Client in this matter. In the event that subsequent to the execution of this Agreement it is discovered that a Conflict or potential Conflict of Interest may exist, it is understood and agreed that Law Firm will proceed in accordance with the Rules of Professional Conduct adopted by the Florida Bar and if required to do so in accordance with said rules, will withdraw as counsel for Client and otherwise take all appropriate and reasonable measures to promote and protect the best interest of Client.

XIII. PERIODIC STATEMENTS

Costs and attorney's fees will be billed periodically and are to be paid by Client within ten (10) days of mailing after which interest shall accrue on all unpaid balances at the rate of eighteen percent (18%) per annum. Client authorizes Law Firm to immediately withdraw from further representation of Client in the event that timely payments are not made in accordance with this Agreement. Any forbearance by Law Firm from time to time in electing not to enforce this provision or any other provision of this Agreement shall not constitute a waiver of this or any other right or remedy that Law Firm has.

XIV. COURT AWARD OF FEES

It is understood that there may be a court awarded fee in this matter. If there is an attorneys' fee awarded by an order of court, it is understood and agreed that the legal fee collectible by Law Firm shall be either the court awarded fee or the fee otherwise prescribed by this agreement, whichever is greater.

DATED this 17 day of September 2022, at Boca Raton, Palm Beach County, Florida.

CBR Law Group, LLLP

By: Donald Thomas, Esq.
Donald Thomas, Esq.
1 ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I/WE HAVE READ, APPROVE AND ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT.

Jacqueline Hyatt



CBR Law Group, LLLP

Jacqueline Hyatt-Dwight Maize Broward 3201.01a/3201.01a Unpaid 3,076.13

Unpaid Balance

Professi ID	onal Service Date	Detail: Jacqu Timekeeper	Professional Service Detail: Jacqueline Hyatt-Dwight Maize Broward 3201.01a/3201.01a ID Date Timekeeper Task	Billable	Status	Hours	Rate	Amount
25456	09/29/2022	99	Emails - Review emails from opposing counsel and client re: deposits in court registry. Telephone conference with client re: missing receipts.	>-	Billed	0.30	450.00	135.00
26220	11/01/2022	99	Motion Show Cause - Review Motion filed by opposing counsel. Draft response to Motion.	>-	Billed	0.80	450.00	360.00
2 <u>62</u> 22 0	11/01/2022	PL2	File - Defendants' Response to Plaintiffs' Motion for Rule to Show Cause as to Why Defendants Should not be Held in Contempt of Court; e-mail client copy; upload on the Court's CMS system for the hearing on November 3, 2022; update CBR calendar with information.	>	Billed	0.60	175.00	105.00
26265	11/02/2022	PL2	Prepare - e-mail to JA RE hearing on November 3, 2022, which was renoticed to November 21, 2022	>	Billed	0.20	175.00	35.00
26566	11/15/2022	PL2	Research - file to determine who to serve at Section 8 for deposition; email to Atty Brutus requesting copy of the subpoena he will be serving on Miami-Dade County Housing Choice Voucher Program	>	Billed	0.30	175.00	52.50
26798	11/21/2022	99	Hearing - Prepare for and attend hearing on client's behalf.	>	Billed	09.0	450.00	270.00
26906	11/22/2022	99	Hearing - Prepare for hearing. Review Maize prior bankruptcy case.	>-	Billed	1.00	450.00	450.00
26920	11/23/2022	99	Hearing - Prepare for hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion for Partial Disbursement from Court Registry. Attend hearing on clients' behalf. Draft Proposed Order and send to opposing counsel.	>	Billed	1.20	450.00	540.00

Matter Billing Detailed Report 09/29/2022 - 03/13/2023 *Client Funds Balance(As of Report Print Date)

35.00	675.00	35.00	45.00	17.50	35.00	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	35.00
175.00	450.00	175.00	450.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00
0.20	1.50	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.20
Billed	Billed	Billed	Billed	Billed	Billed	Billed	Billed	Billed	Billed	Billed
>	>	>-	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
Receipt and Review - Final Order and Directions to the Clerk to Close the Case, save to file, e-mail client copy	Preparation - Defendants' Response to Plaintiffs' Motion to Compekl and Fo Santions	Receipt, Review and Response - e-mail from Atty Brutus RE selectton of mediator	Preparation - of Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt.	Electronic Filing - of Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt. Downloaded and saved to file.	Researched - the Court's Online Scheduling System RE: Available dates for hearing on Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt.	E-Mail - to Opposing Counsel RE: Enclosed Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt. and available dates to set hearing on same.	Electronic Filing - of of Notice of Hearing, April 13, 2023 @ 8:45 a.m. on Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt. Downloaded and saved to file. Calendared entry pursuant to same.	Service of Court Document(s) - to Client RE: Enclosed Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt. and Notice of Hearing, April 13, 2023 @ 8:45 a.m. on Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt.	Uploaded and Submitted - via the Court's Online System Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt, Notice of Hearing, March 28, 2023 on Motion to Withdraw as Co-Counsel for Defendant, Jacqueline Hyatt and copy of Service of Court Document(s) on Client enclosing same, in advance of April 13, 2023 hearing.	Researched - the Broward County Property Appraiser's site for verification of property addresses. Downloaded and saved information to file.
PL2	99	PL2	99	Ы	J.	J.	J.	٦ ا	<u>Ч</u>	Ы
12/01/2022	01/11/2023	03/08/2023	03/08/2023	03/08/2023	03/09/2023	03/09/2023	03/09/2023	03/09/2023	03/09/2023	03/13/2023
27127	28280	29716	29754	29755	29788	28789	29790	29791	29792	29859

00.06	17.50	3,002.50 73.63 3,076.13
450.00	0.10 175.00	
0.20	0.10	8.20
Billed	Billed	Late Fees 18
>	>	
Preparation - of of Notice of Charging Lien with corresponding Exhibits.	Electronic Filing - of of Notice of Charging Lien with corresponding Exhibits. Downloaded and saved same to file.	
99	Ы	
03/13/2023 GG	03/13/2023	
29860	29861	Total

82 So.3d 1094 District Court of Appeal of Florida, Second District.

Kirsten L. RIVEIRO, Appellant, v. J. CHENEY MASON, P.A., and Rose M. Marsh, P.A., Appellees.

> No. 2D10-4122. | Feb. 1, 2012. | Rehearing Denied March 9, 2012.

Attorneys and Law Firms

*1095 Virginia R. Vetter, Tampa, for Appellant.

Rose M. Marsh of Rose M. Marsh, P.A., and J. Cheney Mason of J. Cheney Mason, P.A., Orlando, for Appellees.

Opinion

CASANUEVA, Judge.

This appeal arises from a proceeding ancillary to the dissolution action of the marriage between William R. Riveiro and Kirsten L. Riveiro. Mrs. Riveiro appeals the trial court's order finding that the two law firms she hired, appellees J. Cheney Mason, P.A., and Rose M. Marsh, P.A. (hereinafter Mr. Mason and Ms. Marsh), were entitled to a charging lien of \$76,357.61 plus prejudgment interest. The trial court ordered that the charging lien attach to Mrs. Riveiro's interest on any and all real and personal property she owned relating to assets obtained or subject to the dissolution proceeding, whether she held the asset individually or jointly with any other person. We affirm in part and reverse in part.

Facts

In November 2008 Mrs. Riveiro executed a contract to retain the services of Mr. Cheney and Ms. Marsh in the dissolution of marriage action that Mr. Riveiro instituted. The agreed hourly rate was \$400 for each attorney. The contract contained language that her counsel would aggressively pursue every aspect of seeking reimbursement or payment of her fees from Mr. Riveiro, if circumstances allowed. In addition to the \$30,000 nonrefundable retainer, Mrs. Riveiro subsequently paid her two counsel substantial amounts for services rendered. In June 2009 Mr. Mason and Ms. Marsh filed a notice of a claim of attorneys' charging lien, seeking a lien in the amount of \$36,750.87 for fees owing and unpaid to that date, plus interest. The attorneys' fees continued to mount, and in early September 2009, Mrs. Riveiro met with her husband—without either Mr. Mason or Ms.

Marsh being present—and they reached a settlement agreement. In addition to deciding the amount of alimony that Mr. Riveiro would pay, the couple decided which portions of the marital real estate and personal property each would receive. The agreement also contained a provision that Mrs. Riveiro would not seek attorneys' fees from Mr. Riveiro. A few days later, the trial court entered the final judgment of dissolution, incorporated the couple's settlement agreement that equitably divided their real estate and personal property, and reserved jurisdiction to adjudicate Mr. Mason's and Ms. Marsh's claims of charging lien. After an evidentiary hearing in May 2010, the trial court found in favor of Mr. Mason and Ms. Marsh and ordered that a charging lien of the principal amount of \$76,357.61 attach to the assets Mrs. Riveiro received in the final judgment of dissolution. As of May 31, 2010, the total amount including interest was \$80,851.65. The trial court ordered that the principal amount continue to accrue interest at the statutory rate until paid. It is from this order that Mrs. Riveiro appeals.

Analysis

[1] The law of charging liens has differing applications to real and personal property, both of which are at issue here. Our supreme court observed over a half century ago "that when a litigant contracts with an attorney to litigate a cause and pay him a percentage of the recovery for *1096 his fee, he is entitled to a lien on the judgment therefor." Miller v. Scobie, 152 Fla. 328, 11 So.2d 892, 894 (1943). In Miller, the plaintiff/appellant had employed a firm to bring an action against a defendant for breach of promise, agreeing to pay the firm fifty percent of all sums recovered. The plaintiff met secretly with the defendant and settled their differences out of court, with the defendant agreeing to pay the plaintiff over \$8000. In holding that the firm could prosecute the case further to obtain remuneration under their contract for fees, the supreme court noted:

> We do not deny the right of litigants to settle controversies out of court but any such settlement without the knowledge of or notice to counsel and the payment of their fees is a fraud on them whether there was an intent to do so or not. It has been said that honor may exist among thieves. When honor and good faith cease to be the very bed rock on which the law practice is anchored, the right of litigants will then cease to be actuated by right and justice and will turn on the practice of tricks and feats of legerdemain.

Id.

In the context of an action for dissolution of marriage, our supreme court reaffirmed this commitment in Sinclair, Louis, Siegel, Heath, Nussbaum & Zavertnik, P.A. v. Baucom, 428 So.2d 1383 (Fla.1983). There, the petitioner, the Sinclair, Louis law firm, expressly contracted with Ruby Baucom to represent her in a dissolution proceeding against Phillip Baucom. After several years of dispute, the Baucoms met privately, without attorneys, and agreed to a settlement that included a provision that Mrs. Baucom be responsible for her own professional expenses, including attorneys' fees, incident to their several disputes. Later, the law firm advised Mrs. Baucom not to sign the settlement agreement but sign it she did. Despite her counsel's advice that the settlement agreement was more disadvantageous to her than she realized, Mrs. Baucom insisted on abiding by its terms. The law firm then orally and in writing gave notice of its intent to enforce a charging lien to secure payment of its fees and to continue litigation against Mr. Baucom for payment of those fees. Id. at 1384. The trial court denied the law firm's claim to enforce its charging lien and the Third District affirmed. Baucom v. Baucom, 397 So.2d 347 (Fla. 3d DCA 1981). Ultimately, the supreme court disagreed and quashed the Third District's opinion insofar as it denied enforcement of the charging lien against Mrs. Baucom. 428 So.2d at 1386.

[2] [3] The supreme court reiterated that a "charging lien is an equitable right to have costs and fees due an attorney for services in the suit secured to him in the judgment or recovery in that particular suit. It serves to protect the rights of the attorney." Id. at 1384 (citing Worley v. Phillips, 264 So.2d 42 (Fla. 2d DCA 1972)). But there is no statutory guide to how to perfect a charging lien. Id. "Rather, the requirements have developed in case law which has delineated the equitable nature of the lien." Id. at 1384-85. The court then proceeded to identify the requirements for a charging lien. First, there must be a contract between the attorney and the client, either express or implied. Id. at 1385. Second, "[t]here must also be an understanding, express or implied, between the parties that the payment is either dependent upon recovery or that payment will come from the recovery." Id. In Mrs. Baucom's case, the "nature of the litigation involved and the relief sought in the suit between [Mrs. Baucom] and [her husband] evidence[d] a reasonable understanding that payment would either take the form of an award for attorneys' fees *1097 against [Mr. Baucom] or be paid from [Mrs. Baucom's] award." Id. "Finally, the remedy is available where there has been an attempt to avoid the payment of fees" or where there is "a dispute as to the amount involved." Id.

Unfortunately, neither the Third District's opinion nor the supreme court's opinion in *Baucom* describes what assets Mrs. Baucom received in the dissolution action from which she could pay the law firm's fees. However, given the context of a marriage dissolution action, where the

client receives property in equitable distribution, there is a reasonable understanding that such property will be the source of funds to pay the client's attorney's fees insomuch as it was the attorney's efforts that secured that property. See Worley, 264 So.2d at 43 ("The creation of a charging lien upon the proceeds of any recovery by the client in an equity action is an acceptable method of providing security for the payment of the attorney's fee."). But, as will be seen below, there is a distinction as to which property a charging lien can attach.

We turn next to the distinction crafted between a charging lien on real property as compared to one on personal property. This court, in *Lochner v. Monaco, Cardillo & Keith, P.A.*, 551 So.2d 581 (Fla. 2d DCA 1989), identified the distinction thusly:

This court has previously held that a charging lien in a divorce proceeding can be established against personal property without pleading or proving an agreement between the attorney and the client on that subject. Conroy v. Conroy, 392 So.2d 934 (Fla. 2d DCA 1980), rev. den., 399 So.2d 1141 (Fla.1981). In Conrov, however, we expressly declined to extend this rule to real property. Id. at 937. Just as we found "little to commend" such a rule then, we find little to commend it now. The [T]hird [D]istrict has suggested that an attorney would be "well advised to provide for a lien on such property in the fee agreement with his client." Litman v. Fine, Jacobson, Schwartz, Nash, Block & England, P.A., 517 So.2d 88, 91 n. 5 (Fla. 3d DCA 1987), rev. den., 525 So.2d 879 (Fla.1988). Such an express agreement avoids any confusion upon the part of the client, and eliminates an unnecessary source of conflict. Thus, we also find merit in this suggestion.

Id. at 583. The client in Lochner was awarded real property in the dissolution action against which the trial court imposed a charging lien. This court reversed the imposition of the charging lien on this real property because the attorney's motion for a charging lien did not allege any agreement that his fee would be protected by a charging lien against any real estate involved in the divorce and neither did the record support such agreement. Id.

Applying *Lochner* and *Conroy* to the facts of Mrs. Riveiro's case, we find the record does not disclose any agreement that Mr. Mason's and Ms. Marsh's fees would be secured by any real estate Mrs. Riveiro might be awarded in the dissolution action. Accordingly, we hold the trial court erred in imposing a charging lien against any and all real property owned by Mrs. Riveiro, individually or jointly, subject to the dissolution action. On remand, the charging lien on the real property she was awarded in the dissolution judgment must be dissolved.

^[5] But, also in accordance with *Lochner* and *Conroy*, this is not the case with the personal property Mrs. Riveiro

received in the dissolution judgment. All the requirements for imposing a charging lien on personal property are present here. Mrs. Riveiro had a written contractual agreement regarding the payment of attorneys' fees with Mr. Mason and Ms. Marsh. *1098 Thus, the trial court could properly conclude that an implied understanding existed that payment would come from her portion of the equitable distribution of personal property. And, fulfilling the last requirement to merit a charging lien, Mrs. Riveiro did attempt to avoid the payment of fees and did dispute the amount due. We conclude that the trial court did not err in awarding a charging lien against Mrs. Riveiro's personal property. See Baucom, 428 So.2d at 1385.

^[6] Concluding that a charging lien was properly imposed on Mrs. Riveiro's personal property, we turn next to Mrs. Riveiro's final contention, i.e., that the trial court erred in awarding the amount it did, over \$76,000 in unpaid fees. The trial court's order only determined a total amount due to Mr. Mason and Ms. Marsh. It made no finding as to the reasonable hourly rate or the amount of hours reasonably expended in this case. This was error. It deprived Mrs. Riveiro of meaningful appellate review, hampering the task of this court. *See Santiago v. Santiago*, 51 So.3d 637, 639 (Fla. 2d DCA 2011) ("The lack of findings ... precludes meaningful appellate review."). Upon remand, the trial court shall make the necessary *Rowe*¹ findings. *See Dralus v. Dralus*, 627 So.2d 505, 509 (Fla. 2d DCA 1993).

In light of testimony offered on behalf of Mrs. Riveiro on this issue, revealing that the time records kept, particularly by Ms. Marsh, were lacking detail, it is necessary for the trial court on remand to examine the challenged billing entries. If the trial court should find that the challenged entries and any testimony offered in support of those entries are lacking in sufficient detail to establish either reasonableness or necessity, no award should be made. See Highlands Carpentry Serv., Inc. v. Connone, 873 So.2d 611 (Fla. 2d DCA 2004). It is not necessary for the trial court to undertake another hearing. Because there is a record, the trial court needs only a clear recollection of the hearing proceedings. However, should the trial court deem it necessary to do so, a new, full evidentiary hearing may be in order.

We affirm that part of the final order imposing a charging lien on the personal property that Mrs. Riveiro received in the dissolution judgment, reverse and vacate that part of the final order related to a charging lien on her real property, reverse and vacate the amount of fees awarded, and remand with instructions to provide a final order with proper findings as to the amount of fees to which Mr. Mason and Ms. Marsh are entitled.

Affirmed in part, reversed in part, and remanded.

DAVIS and LaROSE, JJ., Concur.

All Citations

82 So.3d 1094, 37 Fla. L. Weekly D268

Footnotes

Fla. Patient's Comp. Fund v. Rowe, 472 So.2d 1145 (Fla.1985).

428 So.2d 1383 Supreme Court of Florida.

SINCLAIR, LOUIS, SIEGEL, HEATH, NUSSBAUM & ZAVERTNIK, P.A., Petitioner,

v. Phillip E. BAUCOM, et al., Respondents.

> No. 60763. | March 17, 1983.

Attorneys and Law Firms

*1383 Paul A. Louis, Bayard E. Heath and John L. Zavertnik of Sinclair, Louis, Siegel, Heath, Nussbaum & Zavertnik, P.A., Miami, for Petitioner.

*1384 Cromwell A. Anderson and Douglas C. Broeker of Smathers & Thompson, Miami, for Phillip E. Baucom.

Counsel for Ruby Baucom was granted leave to withdraw.

Opinion

EHRLICH, Judge.

This cause is before the Court on petition for discretionary review from a final order of the Third District Court of Appeal. *Baucom v. Baucom*, 397 So.2d 347 (Fla.App. 3d DCA 1981). That opinion affirmed the trial court's denial of enforcement of a charging lien and denial of permission to pursue the litigation to secure attorneys' fees. Because this decision directly and expressly conflicts with decisions of this Court in *Greenfield Villages, Inc. v. Thompson*, 44 So.2d 679 (Fla.1950), *In re Warner's Estate*, 160 Fla. 460, 35 So.2d 296 (1948), and *Renno v. Sigmon*, 148 Fla. 229, 4 So.2d 11 (1941), we have jurisdiction pursuant to article V, section 3(b)(3) of the Florida Constitution.

Petitioner represented Ruby Baucom in divorce proceedings and in a protracted property dispute against Phillip Baucom. After several years of negotiations and court battles, Ruby and Phillip met privately, without presence or advice of counsel, and agreed upon a settlement which they signed and had notarized. Phillip's attorneys redrafted the agreement to eliminate certain unfavorable tax consequences but did not materially change the terms of the Baucoms' contract. Petitioner was first apprised of these developments and introduced to the terms of the settlement in a meeting in the offices of Phillip's attorneys at which the Baucoms signed the redrafted agreement.

Petitioner, believing the terms of the settlement to be misleading and far more unfavorable to Ruby than she realized, advised against signing. Despite this advice, Ruby signed and has remained steadfast in her acceptance of the terms of the settlement.

In subsequent court hearings, petitioner protested the secret nature of the settlement negotiations and the provision in the settlement which required Ruby to bear the costs of her own professional expenses, including attorneys' fees, incident to the protracted dispute between Ruby and Phillip. Petitioner orally, and later in a properly filed motion, gave notice of its intent to enforce a charging lien to secure payment of its fees and requested permission to pursue the litigation against Phillip for the purpose of making him responsible for payment of attorneys' fees.

The trial court denied the request to continue the suit and granted Phillip's motion to dismiss the suit with prejudice, refusing to involve the court in any evaluation of the terms of the settlement. In addition, the court denied motions by petitioner and other counsel also retained by Ruby to enforce charging liens without prejudice to their rights to bring an independent action for enforcement of the liens.

Petitioner appealed these rulings. The district court of appeal reversed the denial of enforcement of the charging lien asserted by Ruby's other counsel, but affirmed the ruling as to petitioner. The court found petitioner's combined requests to continue the litigation and to enforce the charging lien to be an attempt to attack the settlement as a fraud; therefore, the court reasoned, the charging lien was not properly perfected and could not be enforced.

We disagree with the lower court insofar as petitioner is denied enforcement of his charging lien.

^[1] The charging lien is an equitable right to have costs and fees due an attorney for services in the suit secured to him in the judgment or recovery in that particular suit. It serves to protect the rights of the attorney. *Worley v. Phillips*, 264 So.2d 42 (Fla. 2d DCA 1972). Charging liens have been recognized in Florida for more than a century. *See, e.g., Carter v. Davis*, 8 Fla. 183 (1858); *Carter v. Bennett*, 6 Fla. 214 (1855); *Randall v. Archer*, 5 Fla. 438 (1854). The requirements for perfection of this lien are not statutorily imposed. *Nichols v. Kroelinger*, 46 So.2d 722 (Fla.1950); *St. Ana v. Wheeler Mattison Drugs, Inc.*, 129 So.2d 184 (Fla. 3d DCA), *cert. denied*, 133 So.2d 646 (Fla.1961). Rather, the requirements *1385 have developed in case law which has delineated the equitable nature of the lien. *See Greenfield Villages*.

[2] [3] In order for a charging lien to be imposed, there must first be a contract between the attorney and the client. *Billingham v. Thiele*, 107 So.2d 238 (Fla. 2d DCA 1958), *cert. dismissed*, 109 So.2d 763 (Fla.1959). The contract may be express, *Alyea v. Hampton*, 112 Fla. 61, 150 So.

242 (1933), or implied, *Greenfield Villages; Scott v. Kirtley*, 113 Fla. 637, 152 So. 721 (1933). The record before this Court bears witness that an express contract existed between petitioner and Ruby Baucom. Both made explicit references to that contract in hearings before the trial judge.

^[4] There must also be an understanding, express or implied, between the parties that the payment is either dependent upon recovery or that payment will come from the recovery. *Miller v. Scobie*, 152 Fla. 328, 11 So.2d 892 (1943); *Conroy v. Conroy*, 392 So.2d 934 (Fla. 2d DCA 1980), *petition denied*, 399 So.2d 1141 (Fla.1981). The nature of the litigation involved and the relief sought in the suit between Ruby and Phillip evidence a reasonable understanding that payment would either take the form of an award for attorneys' fees against Phillip or be paid from Ruby's award. It was Ruby's inability to reap the benefit of the divorce settlement dividing all the couple's property which led to the ongoing litigation.

^[5] Finally, the remedy is available where there has been an attempt to avoid the payment of fees, *Worley v. Phillips*, or a dispute as to the amount involved. *Renno v. Sigmon; Kurzweil v. Simon*, 204 So.2d 254 (Fla. 3d DCA 1967). Again, the record before us shows a dispute as to the amount of the attorneys' fees. Ruby claims she is liable only for \$6500 under the agreement; petitioner asserts the total bill to be \$150,000.

lien beyond timely notice. Ruby does not dispute this; rather, she argues the notice was not timely filed because petitioner did not file until after the hearing on Phillip's motion to dismiss. We find no merit in this contention. The issue was before the trial court until the entry of the order granting the motion to dismiss on November 19, 1979. Petitioner first mentioned the possibility of obtaining a lien at the first hearing on the motion to dismiss on October 18, 1979. The hearing was continued until October 25. In the interim, on October 23, petitioner filed a Motion for Enforcement of a Charging Lien. Therefore, we find the charging lien was timely filed and properly perfected.

The policy underlying the granting and enforcement of charging liens was clearly expressed early in their development in this state:

While our courts hold the members of the bar to strict accountability and fidelity to their clients, they should afford them protection and every facility in securing them their remuneration for their services. An attorney has a right to be remunerated out of the results of

his industry, and *his lien* on these fruits is founded in equity and justice.

Carter, 6 Fla. at 258 (emphasis in original). The intervening years have not diminished the attorney's duty of loyalty and confidentiality to his client. For this reason, proceedings at law between attorney and client for collection of fees have long been disfavored. The equitable enforcement of charging liens in the proceeding in which they arise best serves to protect the attorney's right to payment for services rendered while protecting the confidential nature of the attorney-client relationship. In re Warner's Estate.

^[8] Petitioner urges that the trial court erred in denying it the right to pursue the litigation for the purpose of obtaining attorneys' fees, citing *Miller v. Scobie* as authority for this action. There, however, the settlement included no provision for payment to the attorneys. Additionally, in *Miller* the client was also attempting to rescind the settlement agreement on grounds that it had been induced by fraud. Where, as here, the client firmly abides by the terms *1386 of the settlement which make her liable for attorneys' fees we must defer to this Court's strong policy of encouraging settlement between parties to avoid the "vexation and expense of further litigation." *Harper v. Strong*, 135 Fla. 10, 15, 184 So. 848, 850 (1938).

We are convinced that in its desire to continue the litigation petitioner wishes only to preserve for its client the greatest possible benefits of the settlement. Nonetheless, it is axiomatic in the attorney-client relationship that an attorney cannot protect his client beyond the client's willingness to be protected.

Accordingly, the decision of the District Court of Appeal for the Third District is quashed insofar as it denied enforcement of petitioner's charging lien and this case is remanded for further proceedings in accordance with this ruling.

It is so ordered.

ALDERMAN, C.J., and ADKINS, BOYD, OVERTON and McDONALD, JJ., concur.

All Citations

428 So.2d 1383

160 Fla. 460 Supreme Court of Florida, Division A.

In re WARNER'S ESTATE.

May 7, 1948. | Rehearing Denied June 8, 1948.

*460 **297 Appeal from Circuit Court, Palm Beach County; C. E. Chillingworth judge.

Attorneys and Law Firms

W. F. Maurer, of Ft. Lauderdale, for appellants.

Earnest, Lewis & Smith, in pro. per., and Farish & Farish, all of West Palm Beach, and Rogers, Towers & Bailey, of Jacksonville, for executors, appellees.

Opinion

TERRELL, Justice.

This case grew out of the administration of the estate of Ellsworth C. Warner. Harold L. Warner, a son and one of the heirs to said estate, was first represented in its administration by the law firm of Evans, Mershon and Sawyer, who later withdrew and were succeeded by Earnest, Lewis and Smith. After rendering the services for which they were employed, Earnest, Lewis and Smith billed Harold L. Warner for their compensation which was not paid, so they filed their petition in the probate court, alleging the non-payment of their fee, that it was earned by representing Harold L. Warner, Katherine Warner and Maurice Warner, another brother, in the administration of the estate of Ellsworth C. Warner.

The petition also pointed out that distribution of the estate was about to be made, that Harold L. Warner had assigned his legacy to the First National Bank of Minneapolis, a foreign corporation, that the beneficiaries were all non-residents, and that petitioners would be without remedy if settlement was made and the assets of the estate transferred to another jurisdiction. On consideration of the petition the probate court directed the executors to withhold \$2100 from the legacy payable to Harold L. Warner for payment of his counsels' fees. The legacy to Katherine Warner and Maurice Warner was allotted to them and their fee was paid, so they are no longer parties to the litigation. This order was entered February 1, 1946, and no appeal having been taken, as authorized by law, it became final. On April 15, 1947, the probate Court adjudicated a lien for attorneys fees in favor of Earnest, Lewis and Smith and directed the executors to pay them from the funds of Harold L. Warner in their custody. On appeal the Circuit Court held that the Probate Court was without jurisdiction to adjudicate a lien for attorneys fees, but directed the executors to hold the sum of \$2500 to satisfy the claim of Earnest, Lewis and Smith when a judgment for it was secured in an appropriate action. This appeal is from the decree of the Circuit Court.

Several questions are proffered, but the pith of the controversy is whether or not, when a reputable attorney is employed *462 by a non-resident legatee to represent him in the administration of an estate, and such legatee fails or neglects to pay said attorney for his services, may the Probate Court direct the executor to withhold sufficient funds from the legacy, and order them paid to the attorney for his services?

The parties will hereafter be referred to as 'Warner' and 'attorney.' There is no dispute as to Warner and the attorney having entered into the contract for the performance of the services, neither is it charged that the services were not **298 well and faithfully performed. It is shown, on the other hand, that they were entirely satisfactory and that the fee charged was reasonable. The gist of Warner's contention is that the Probate Court is one of limited jurisdiction and that there is no authority under the law to pay attorney for the services rendered. Section 17, Article V of the Constitution relied on to support this contention is as follows:

'The County Judge shall have jurisdiction of the settlement of the estates of decedents and minors, to order the sale of real estate of decedents and minors, to take probate of wills, to grant letters testamentary and of administration and guardianship, and to discharge the duties usually pertaining to courts of probate.'

[1] It is also contended that section 38 of the Probate Act, F.S.A. § 732.01, which paraphrases the provision of the constitution just quoted, does not authorize the payment of attorneys fees in administration proceedings. It is true that the constitution and the statute as referred to, do not in terms authorize payment of an attorney's fee for representing a legatee, but Section 734.01, Florida Statutes 1941, F.S.A., dealing with the same subject matter, authorizes the payment of attorneys fees for the 'care, management and settlement of the estate.' Moreover, since the decision in McCulloch v. Maryland, 4 Wheat. 316, 4 L.Ed. 579, the doctrine of implied powers has been as much a part of the law of this country as the written law itself if the terms of the statute or the constitution relied on are such that we may reasonably assume that the power implied was in the legislative mind and that it is essential to effectuate the powers which are expressly granted.

*463 It may be admitted arguendo that there is no express grant of power to pay the attorneys fee brought in question, but certainly there is an implied power to pay them. The Attorney was hired in good faith by non-resident clients. His labors were well and faithfully performed and there is reason to infer that Warner set out to give him the runaround and evade payment. He refused to pay when pay-time came, he assigned his legacy to the First National Bank of Minneapolis which was beyond the jurisdiction of the court and this conduct on his part precipitated the petition to withhold certain of Warner's legacy to secure payment of the fee.

[2] [3] The constitution makes no attempt to treat specific cases. It confers 'jurisdiction of the settlement of the estates of decedents and minors.' This is a broad grant of power and clothes the probate court with plenary power to adjudicate any matter arising in the 'settlement' of a decedent's estate. If a legatee hires a lawyer to represent him and refuses to pay, it follows as a matter of course that power resides in the probate court to protect the lawyer out of the proceeds of the estate adjudicated to the legatee. As pointed out in the previous paragraph, there is no question here about the amount of the fee or the fact that it was earned. This view is further supported by section 4, Declaration of Rights, giving remedy by due course of law to those injured in person, goods, lands or reputation. Due course of law contemplates the shortest cut to justice consistent with reason and sound practice.

Courts in this country have consistently protected the rights of attorneys growing out of services performed by them when there is an attempted evasion to pay. Vosges Syndicate, Ltd., v. Everglades Club Co., 122 Fla. 267, 164 So. 881. It is contrary to all human experience to contend that after a litigant has hired an attorney and secured the fruits of his labor and then refuses to pay, that a court of competent jurisdiction in control of its processes and judgment is helpless to grant relief against a litigant who is attempting to escape with the proceeds of his attorneys labor. Courts were created tor esolve conflicting claims and they are clothed with power to do so. To hold otherwise the law is nothing *464 more than an effect system of abstract rights by which one may accomplish his designs and snap his finger in the face of the court and bid the law au revoir.

full [5] The law is settled in this jurisdiction that a litigant should not be permitted to walk away with his judgment and refuse to pay his attorney for securing **299 it. Randall v. Archer, 5 Fla. 438; Miller v. Scobie, 152 Fla. 328, 11 So.2d 892; Forman v. Kennedy, 156 Fla. 219, 22 So.2d 890; Chancey v. Bauer, 5 Cir., 97 F.2d 293. It is

further consistent with law that an attorney's lien in a case like this be enforced in the proceeding where it arose. The parties are before the court, the subject matter is there, and there is no reason whatsoever why they should be relegated to another forum to settle the controversy.

In this case the attorney not only brought the legacy into court, he brought a sizable sum as interest with it. It was perfectly competent for the court to withhold payment of the legacy before the attorney's claim was satisfied, when every asset Warner had was about to be transferred to a foreign jurisdiction. The constitution was not designed to be a step by step blue print for the court to stalk. It was designed as a diagram with numerous interstices for the Court to supply if clearly implied. When the probate court was vested with 'jurisdiction of the settlement of the estates of decedents and minors' he was empowered to adjudicate attorney's fees that properly arise in the course of such settlement. True, he does so by what may be termed interstitial legislation, so often approved as to have become common place, and so essential here to effectuate the power expressly granted. It is equally as essential to keep the law space with the justice of the case and the morals on which it is predicated. His order is of course, subject to review in the usual way.

Warner and attorney was sufficient to authorize the court to protect attorney in the manner shown. We are also of the view that there was ample showing for the relief awarded by summary proceedings. The fund was in custodia legis and there was no dispute about the reasonableness of the claim. The Circuit Court was therefore in error in his conclusion that the probate *465 court was without jurisdiction to grant the relief petitioned for.

The decree appealed from is therefore reversed with directions to affirm the judgment of the Probate Court.

Reversed.

THOMAS, C. J., and CHAPMAN and SEBRING, JJ., concur.

All Citations

160 Fla. 460, 35 So.2d 296

551 So.2d 581 District Court of Appeal of Florida, Second District.

Kenneth M. LOCHNER, Appellant, v. MONACO, CARDILLO & KEITH, P.A. and Nanci E. Lochner, Appellees.

> No. 88–02437. | Oct. 27, 1989.

Attorneys and Law Firms

*582 Robert W. Roddis of Kantner and Associates, Ann Arbor, Mich., for appellant.

James A. Bonaquist, Jr. of Monaco, Cardillo & Keith, P.A., Naples, for appellee Monaco.

No appearance for appellee Lochner.

Opinion

THREADGILL, Acting Chief Judge.

The appellant challenges a money judgment and charging lien rendered by the trial court in favor of an attorney discharged by the appellant during dissolution proceedings. We find that the attorney was not entitled to a charging lien or a money judgment in these proceedings and reverse.

The relevant facts are not in dispute. In October, 1987, the appellant, through his Michigan attorneys, retained attorney Daniel R. Monaco of Naples, Florida to represent him in a dissolution action, agreeing to pay a retainer of \$1,500 against which Monaco would bill at the rate of \$150 per hour. A letter to this effect from the appellant's Michigan attorney was attached to Monaco's motion to enforce attorney charging lien.

In April, 1988, after paying \$6,720.21 in attorney fees, the dissatisfied appellant became with Monaco's representation and discharged him. On May 11, 1988, Monaco filed in the dissolution proceeding a notice of and motion to enforce an attorney's charging lien against the appellant's interest in certain real property in Collier County which he believed to be the only property of the appellant in Florida. He alleged that he had a representation agreement with the appellant on an hourly basis, that he had been actively representing the appellant and that, as of the date of filing, the appellant still owed \$4,409.23 in legal fees and \$168.60 in costs. Monaco did not allege any express or implied agreement that he would

be paid from any real estate retained by the husband in the dissolution action, and in fact stated that pursuant to the hourly arrangement, billings had been charged and paid by the appellant.

On May 23, 1988, Monaco filed a notice of hearing which stated that on May 31, 1988, he would argue the motion for attorney's charging lien before the trial court. The appellant filed a response and motion to dismiss on May 27, 1988, alleging that Monaco had failed to allege any agreement to pay fees from the res of the dissolution action, that there had been no such agreement, and that Florida law required either such an agreement or a contingency agreement before there was an entitlement to a charging lien. The appellant also alleged a bona fide dispute concerning the amount of fees owed.

The appellant was not present at the hearing scheduled on the charging lien. The appellant had retained a new attorney who attended the hearing, but declined to represent the appellant concerning the prior attorney's claim. On June 15, 1988, the trial court granted Monaco's law firm a money judgment against the appellant in the amount of \$4,577.83, secured by a charging lien against the appellant's real property until the money judgment was *583 fully satisfied. The order set forth no specific findings of fact nor did it respond to the appellant's unresolved motion to dismiss. The appellant timely moved for rehearing concerning the judgment in favor of Monaco. On July 29, 1988, the court entered a final judgment of dissolution of marriage. On August 25, 1988, the appellant abandoned his motion for rehearing by filing a notice of appeal.

^[1] The narrow issue presented by this appeal is whether an attorney may establish the right to a charging lien against real property in a divorce proceeding without alleging an express or implied agreement with his client to permit this remedy. Consistent with prior precedent, we hold that an express or implied agreement is required. In the absence of such an agreement and in the absence of any personal property subject to lien, the attorney must enforce his claim in a separate proceeding.

"A charging lien is an attorney's equitable right to have costs and fees owed for legal services secured by the judgment or recovery in the lawsuit." *Newton v. Kiefer*, 547 So.2d 727, 728 (Fla. 2d DCA 1989). In order for a charging lien to be imposed, the supreme court has required that there be a contract between the attorney and the client; an express or implied understanding that payment is either contingent upon recovery or will be paid from the recovery; an attempt by the client to avoid paying or a dispute as to the amount of the fee; and timely notice of the request for a lien. *Sinclair, Louis, Siegel, Heath, Nussbaum & Zavertnik, P.A. v. Baucom*, 428 So.2d 1383 (Fla.1983).

This court has previously held that a charging lien in a divorce proceeding can be established against personal property without pleading or proving an agreement between the attorney and the client on that subject. Conroy v. Conroy, 392 So.2d 934 (Fla. 2d DCA 1980), rev. den., 399 So.2d 1141 (Fla.1981). In Conroy, however, we expressly declined to extend this rule to real property. Id. at 937. Just as we found "little to commend" such a rule then, we find little to commend it now. The third district has suggested that an attorney would be "well advised to provide for a lien on such property in the fee agreement with his client." Litman v. Fine, Jacobson, Schwartz, Nash, Block & England, P.A., 517 So.2d 88, 91 n. 5 (Fla. 3d DCA 1987), rev. den., 525 So.2d 879 (Fla.1988). Such an express agreement avoids any confusion upon the part of the client, and eliminates an unnecessary source of conflict. Thus, we also find merit in this suggestion.

Monaco's motion does not allege any agreement that his fee would be protected by a charging lien against any real estate involved in the divorce, nor does anything in the record support such an agreement. Appellant thus had no notice that Monaco was alleging such an agreement. To the contrary, the motion alleged that the fee agreement was based on an hourly rate and in the past had been so billed and paid. Monaco's only defense to this contention in this appeal is that the motion was capable of being amended to conform to the evidence presented at the hearing. He does not suggest that a motion to amend was actually made, that the trial court granted such a motion in the appellant's absence, or that any other evidence was presented to establish such an agreement. We find Monaco failed to allege the essential elements for a charging lien and the trial court erred in imposing such a lien against the appellant's real property.

^[2] We also find the trial court erred in entering a money judgment against the appellant without notice. The appellant had notice only that Monaco was requesting a charging lien against the real property, and did not have

notice that a money judgment might be entered. While Monaco again argues that the motion for charging lien was susceptible to amendment to include a money judgment, he does not contend that it was so amended or that the appellant had notice of an impending money judgment. Where an issue is not presented by the pleadings, nor litigated by the parties, a judgment entered on that issue cannot stand. *Brady v. Jones*, 491 So.2d 1272 (Fla. 2d DCA 1986).

*584 [3] Furthermore, other than by charging lien, a trial court has no authority to enter an order or judgment requiring a party to pay for his representation in a proceeding. *Conroy v. Conroy*, 370 So.2d 1188 (Fla. 2d DCA 1979), *cert. den.*, 381 So.2d 765 (Fla.1980). *Cristiani v. Cristiani*, 114 So.2d 726 (Fla. 2d DCA 1959); *see also Behar v. Root*, 393 So.2d 1169 (Fla. 3d DCA 1981); *Herold v. Hunt*, 327 So.2d 240 (Fla. 4th DCA 1976). Because we conclude that there was no basis alleged for a charging lien on appellant's real property, there can be no valid money judgment. To hold otherwise would deprive the appellant of due process in the determination of the fee. *Conroy*, 370 So.2d at 1189.

We therefore reverse the order awarding Monaco a money judgment and charging lien for attorney fees.

Reversed.

ALTENBERND, J., and BOARDMAN, EDWARD F. (Ret.) J., concur.

All Citations

551 So.2d 581, 14 Fla. L. Weekly 2516

FILED

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA

FAMILY LAW DIVISION CASE NO. 2017-DR-3453

IN RE: The Marriage of:
KEITH NOLDER JR., Husband, and
STEFANIE NOLDER, Wife.

INCOME DEDUCTION ORDER

TO: Westminister Oaks and ANY PRESENT OR SUBSEQUENT EMPLOYERS/PAYORS OF OBLIGOR, KEITH NOLDER JR.

YOU ARE HEREBY ORDERED to make regular deductions from all income due and payable to the above-named obligor in accordance with the terms of this order as follows:

- 1. This Income Deduction Order shall be effective December 1, 2017.
- 2. You shall deduct:
 - a) \$470.00 per month (or \$216.93 bi-weekly) for child support. Child support shall be automatically reduced or terminated consistent with the schedule in paragraph 7.
 - b) \$875.00 per month (or \$403.84 bi-weekly) for alimony until November 1, 2031. On November 1, 2031, alimony shall be reduced to \$275.00 per month (or \$126.92 bi-weekly) until November 1, 2038.
 - c) \$5.25 a month for administrative fee.
- 3. You shall pay the deducted amount to the "State of Florida Disbursement Unit", and mail it to the State of Florida Disbursement Unit P.O. Box 8500, Tallahassee, FL 32314-8500, (tell (877) 769-0251. All payments must include the obligor's name (Keith Nolder, Jacobligor social security number (last 4 digits are social security number (last 4 digits are social security number. All payments must social security order originated, and case number. All payments must social security where court order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated, and case number. All payments must social security order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated, and case number. All payments must social security number order originated order originated order originated order originated order order originated order order order originated order order
- 4. If a delinquency accrues after the order establishing, modifying, or enforcing the obligation has been entered and there is no order for repayment of the delinquency or a preexisting

arrearage, a payor shall deduct an additional 20 percent of the current support obligation or other amount agreed to by the parties until the delinquency and any attorneys' fees and costs are paid in full. No deduction may be applied to attorneys' fees and costs until the delinquency is paid in full.

- 5. You shall not deduct in excess of the amounts allowed under the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. §673(b), as amended.
- 6. You shall deduct none of the income which is payable to the obligor in the form of a bonus or other similar one-time payment, up to the amount of arrearage reported in the Income Deduction Order or the remaining balance thereof, and forward the payment to the State of Florida Disbursement Unit. For purposes of this subparagraph, "bonus" means a payment in addition to an obligor's usual compensation and which is in addition to any amounts contracted for or otherwise legally due and shall not include any commission payments due an obligor.
- 7. This Income Deduction Order shall remain in effect so long as the underlying order of support is effective or until further order of the court. When the oldest child graduates from high school then child support shall decrease to \$405.00 a month. When the middle child graduates from high school then child support shall decrease to \$315.00 a month. Child support shall cease to be due for each child on the first to occur of the following events: the Wife dies; the child dies; the child is emancipated, or the child graduates from high school.

STATEMENT OF OBLIGOR'S RIGHTS, REMEDIES, AND DUTIES

- 8. The obligor is required to pay all amounts and fees specified within this Income Deduction Order.
- 9. The amounts deducted may not be in excess of that allowed under the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. §1673(b) as amended.
- 10. This income deduction order applies to all of the obligor's current and subsequent payors and periods of employment.
- 11. A copy of the Income Deduction Order will be served upon the obligor's payor or payors.
- 12. Enforcement of the Income Deduction Order may only be contested on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the amount owed pursuant to the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation, the arrearages, or the identity of the obligor, the payor, or the obligee.
- 13. The obligor is required to notify the obligee and, when the obligee is receiving IV-D services, the IV-D agency, within 7 days of any changes in the obligor's address, payors, and the addresses of the obligor's payors.
- 14. In a Title IV-D case, if an obligation to pay current support is reduced or terminated due to emancipation of a child and the obligor owes an arrearage, retroactive support, delinquency,

or costs, income deduction continues at the rate in effect immediately prior to emancipation until all arrearages, retroactive support, delinquencies, and costs are paid in full or until the amount of withholding is modified.

DONE AND ORDERED in Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida this Aday of November

2017.

Copies furnished to:

Ning Asherlafi - Richardson - Acting Circuit J

Aukens J

Aukens

Christi Gray, Attorney for Wife Keith Nolder, Pro Se

Doc # 2023067555, OR BK 20636 Page 1035, Number Pages: 3, Recorded 04/05/2023 09:09 PM, JODY PHILLIPS CLERK CIRCUIT COURT DUVAL COUNTY

Filing # 170281979 E-Filed 04/04/2023 10:57:46 AM

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR DUVAL COUNTY, FLORIDA

CASE NO: 16-2006-DR-6053-FM

DIVISION: FM-D

PAULA CYNNEA MCNEAL, and STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE.

Petitioners.

vs.

DEMETRUS JENNINGS, n/k/a DIMITRIA JENNINGS,

Respondent.

ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR CONTEMPT
ORDER REINSTATING DRIVER LICENSE
REPORT OF THE SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT HEARING OFFICER

THIS CAUSE came before Garret N. Barket, Support Enforcement Hearing Officer, pursuant to Rule 12.491, Fla. Fam. L.R.P., and Administrative Orders of this Circuit, on March 21, 2023, upon a motion for contempt. Present at the hearing, via Zoom, were the Department of Revenue, Shane C. Maddox, Esq., counsel for DOR, and

X NMP, __MP, __counsel for NMP, __counsel for NMP

REFERENCES

"NMP" refers to Dimitria Jennings, the non-majority party/Obligor.

"MP" refers to Paula McNeal, the majority party/Obligee.

The term "majority" is intended to imply the party with whom the child(ren) spends the majority of time but does not address custody or time-sharing.

"Depository" refers to Domestic Relations Depository.

FINDINGS

The Support Enforcement Hearing Officer, having reviewed the Court file, received testimony, and heard argument of counsel, finds:

- a. The Court has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter raised in the pleadings, and the Support Enforcement Hearing Officer has authority to hear this matter.
 - b. Obligor received proper notice of these proceedings.
- c. An order was issued in this action ordering Obligor to pay child support of \$400.00 per month as well as an additional payment of \$20.00 per month toward arrearages.
- d. The Depository records as of March 17, 2023, reflect that Obligor is in arrears in the amount of \$27,442.82. Jurisdiction is retained to determine interest.
- e. Obligor had and presently has the ability to pay the sums required by the prior Court order based upon the presumption of validity of the prior Court order.

- f. Obligor testified to having the ability to pay a purge of \$250.00 on or before April 21, 2023.
- g. The Court finds that Obligor is physically able to work.

WHEREFORE, IT IS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. The Depository records reflect that Obligor is in arrears \$27,442.82 through the payment due March 17, 2023, and is adjudged to be in willful indirect contempt of this Court for failure to pay child support as ordered while having the ability to pay.
- **2.** The Court adjudges Obligor to be in indirect civil contempt for his failure to pay child support as previously ordered. The Court hereby directs Obligor to comply with the following:
- a. Obligor shall pay \$250.00 by April 21, 2023, together with all regular payments that come due hereafter.
- b. Obligor shall diligently search for employment. Diligent search shall include applying to no fewer than 30 jobs per month. Obligor shall supply proof of his/her job searches to DOR and the Clerk of Court on or before the 15th day of each month commencing with the first month after the date this order is rendered. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS PROVISION WILL BE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF INTENT TO NOT COMPLY WITH THE COURT'S ORDER AND MAY SUBJECT OBLIGOR TO THE COURT'S ARREST POWERS.
- c. Proof of job searches shall be submitted to the Florida Department of Revenue, 921 North Davis Street, Building A, Jacksonville, Florida 32209.
- d. Upon obtaining employment, the Obligor shall notify the Department of the name, address, phone number, and start date for the new employer. The work search requirement will end after employment is obtained and maintained.
 - **3.** Child support payments shall continue as previously ordered.
- **4.** All payments shall be made through the State of Florida Disbursement Unit, together with the applicable service charges.
- 5. Within 365 days Obligor shall pay the Administrative costs to the Department of Revenue, 921 North Davis Street, Ste 150, Jacksonville, Florida 32209, in the amount of \$114.00.
- **6.** The parties are hereby advised of their rights under Fla. Fam. L.R. 12.491, "any party affected by the order may move to vacate the order by filing a motion to vacate within 10 days from the date of entry."
- 7. All prior Court orders in this case shall remain in full force and effect unless directly addressed in this order.
- **8.** The Department of Revenue shall take necessary actions to reinstate Obligor's driver license upon payment of purge as outlined above.
- 9. The Obligor is hereby on notice that failure to pay the purge timely MAY result in the issuance of a Writ of Bodily Attachment without further hearing.

This hearing was electronically recorded. Any party may obtain a copy of the recording by contacting Official Reporters at http://officialreporterinc.com/. Any party affected by this order may move to vacate the order within 10 days from the date of entry. Any party may file a cross-motion to vacate within 5 days of service of a motion to vacate, provided, however, that the filing of a cross-motion to vacate shall not delay the hearing on a motion to vacate unless good cause is shown. A motion to vacate the order shall be heard within 10 days after the movant applies for hearing on the motion. Failure to provide a proper record sufficient to support the movant's position will result in a denial of the motion. A sufficient record ordinarily includes a written transcript of all relevant proceedings.

Hearing Date: March 21, 2023 Case No.: 16-2006-DR-6053-FM OR BK 20636 PAGE 1037

> It is the recommendation of the undersigned Support Enforcement Hearing Officer that the above findings of fact and recommendation be incorporated into and entered as an order of this Court, and for the entry of an appropriate income deduction order.

Recommended this Thursday, March 30, 2023.

16-2006-DR-006053-FMXX-MA 03/30/2023 11:49:01 AM

ORDER FOR CHILD SUPPORT AND OTHER RELIEF

The Court has jurisdiction of this cause and having reviewed the Report of the Support Enforcement Hearing Officer hereby

ORDERS and ADJUDGES:

- The Report of the Support Enforcement Hearing Officer ratified, confirmed, and adopted as the order of this Court and is incorporated herein by this reference; except the driver license shall not be reinstated if it is revoked or suspended for any non-child support reasons.
 - 2. All parties shall be governed by said order and shall comply with each particular therein.
- All prior Court orders in this case shall remain in full force and effect unless directly addressed in this order.
- 4. All future pleadings, motions, and notices for Obligor shall be sent to 1137 Lakeshore Blvd., Jacksonville, Florida 32205 until or unless a proper form or pleading is submitted with the Court to amend or update the mailing address of Obligor.

DONE and ORDERED in Chambers, Jacksonville, Duval County, Florida, this Thursday, March 30, 2023.

{2006}DR{006053}FMXX{MA\03/30/2023}12\34\03\F

James E. Kallaher, Judge 16-2006-DR-006053-FMXX-MA 03/30/2023 12:34:03 PM

Copies furnished to: Hemphill & Hemphill Obligor Obligee

> Hearing Date: March 21, 2023 Case No.: 16-2006-DR-6053-FM

HOSPITAL CLAIM OF LIEN

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF BROWARD

RE: ORAGENE , CYNTHIA ACCOUNT#: 234389718

BEFORE ME, the undersigned notary public, BEFORE ME, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared LAQUWANIA MCLEOD , residing at Broward County, Fl. who was duly sworn and says that she is the duly authorized agent of the North Broward Hospital District, operating and doing business as BROWARD HEALTH NORTH at 201 E. SAMPLE ROAD DEERFIELD BEACH, FL 33064 and further says that:

- 1. ORAGENE , CYNTHIA whose address as shown on the Hospital Records is 1919 19TH LN

 GREENACRES FL 33463 was admitted as a patient in such Hospital on 03/22/23 and discharged as an out-patient.
- 2. The Hospital claims \$ 9216.25 is due for care, treatment and maintenance of said patient during the aforesaid period of time, as attached statement.
- The transfer of the second 3. To the best knowledge of the undersigned, the patient or his legal representative claims the following persons, firms, or corporations, at the address shown, are liable on account of the illness or injuries which made the aforesaid hospitalization necessary: The the same in the same and the same

CYNTHIA ORAGENE (PT) 1919 19TH LN GREENACRES FL 33463

garan artar a park

BLUE CROSS PPC PO BOX 1798 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32231

4. This Claim is filed pursuant to Chapter 16 of the Broward County Code. 5. The undersigned certifies that a copy of this Claim will be sent by certified mail, postage prepaid, to each person, firm or corporation identified in Paragraph 3 above within one day after filing this Claim.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of 03/27/2023whose signature was verified

SHERLYN J. THOMAS

by personal knowledge or arivar's license

NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT d/b/a BROWARD HEALTH NORTH

LAOUWANIA MCLEOD COLLECTIONS SUPERVISOR

MY COMMISSION # GG 927777

EXPIRES: October 30, 2028

Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters

Prepared by: HAMA69

NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT. CENTRAL BUSINESS OFFICE, 1608 S.E. 3RD AVENUE, FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33316

Sec. 16-13. - Established.

Every individual, partnership, firm, association, corporation, institution and governmental unit, and every combination of any of the foregoing, operating a hospital shall be entitled to a lien for all reasonable charges for hospital care, treatment and maintenance of ill or injured persons upon any and all causes of action, suits, claims, counterclaims and demands accruing to the persons to whom such care, treatment or maintenance are furnished, or accruing to the legal representatives of such persons, and upon all judgments, settlements and settlement agreements rendered or entered into by virtue thereof, on account of illness or injuries giving rise to such causes of action, suits, claims, counterclaims, demands, judgment, settlement or settlement agreement and which necessitate or shall have necessitated such hospital care, treatment and maintenance.

(Sp. Acts 1955, Ch. 30615, § 1)

This instrument was prepared by or under the supervision of (and after recording should be returned to):

Joseph P. Stanton Broad & Cassel Bank of America Center 390 North Orange Avenue Suite 1400 Orlando, FL 32801-4961

(SPACE reserved for Clerk of Court)

LIMITED PURPOSE PARTY MEMBERSHIP AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE FLORIDA RESILIENCY AND ENERGY DISTRICT AND BROWARD COUNTY

This Limited Purpose Party Membership Agreement (the "Agreement") is entered into this and day of May, 2017 by and between the FLORIDA RESILIENCY AND ENERGY DISTRICT ("FRED"), a public body corporate and politic created as a separate legal entity pursuant to Section 163.01(7), Florida Statutes, and BROWARD COUNTY, a political subdivision of the State of Florida (the "County") (collectively, the "Parties") for the purpose of providing a Property Assessed Clean Energy ("PACE") program within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County.

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 163.08(1), Florida Statutes ("F.S."), the Florida legislature determined that certain renewable energy, energy conservation and efficiency, and wind resistance improvements ("Qualifying Improvements") provide a special benefit to real property by alleviating the property's burden from energy consumption and/or reducing the property's burden from potential wind damage; and

WHEREAS, in order to make such Qualifying Improvements more affordable and assist property owners who wish to undertake such improvements, the Florida legislature also determined that there is a compelling state interest in enabling property owners to voluntarily finance such Qualifying Improvements with the assistance of local governments, through the execution of financing agreements and the related imposition of voluntary, non-ad valorem special assessments; and

WHEREAS, an Interlocal Agreement, dated September 6, 2016, as amended and supplemented from time to time, most recently on January 10, 2107, (the "Interlocal Agreement") was entered into between the Town of Lake Clarke Shores, the City of Fernandina Beach, any subsequent parties thereto (the "FRED Public Agencies"), and, in the limited capacity described therein, the Florida Development Finance Corporation ("FDFC" and, together with the Public Agencies, the "FRED Parties"), for the purpose of facilitating the financing of Qualifying Improvements for properties located within FRED's aggregate jurisdictional boundaries via the levy and collection of voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments on improved property; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Sections 7(B) and 12(B), (I) and (J) of the Interlocal Agreement, FRED covenants and represents that it is relying solely on the powers granted to FRED under Sections 163.08(2) -(5), Florida Statutes; specifically, exercising the power of a local government under Section 163.08(3), Florida Statutes, to levy non-ad valorem assessments for the financing of Qualifying Improvements in the County; and

WHEREAS, as a Limited Member of the Interlocal Agreement, the County is not providing for the exercise of its own power of special assessment but merely providing its consent for FRED to levy special assessments within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County; and

WHEREAS, the Parties to this Agreement desire to supplement the Interlocal Agreement to include the County as a Limited Member, as such term is defined in the Interlocal Agreement, on the date last signed below and filing in accordance with Section 27 of this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the above recitals, terms and conditions, promises and covenants hereinafter set forth, the Parties agree as follows:

SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS. Any capitalized or initially capitalized terms used in this Agreement, but not otherwise defined herein, shall have the meaning specified for such term in the Interlocal Agreement.

SECTION 2. PURPOSE. The purpose of this Agreement is to facilitate the financing of Qualifying Improvements through a PACE program, in accordance with Section 163.08, Florida Statutes, and provide an efficient process for real property owners within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County to access the PACE program and permit FRED to administer the PACE program within such jurisdictional boundaries.

Parties, and the County, with the intent to be bound thereto, hereby agree that the County shall become a Limited Member of the Interlocal Agreement together with only those rights and obligations of Limited Members as are necessary to fulfill the purposes described in this Agreement, including access to financing and processing of voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments by FRED, within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County, as more specifically described below, and FRED agrees to operate the PACE Program within those jurisdictional boundaries in accordance with federal, state, and local laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, and all operational program standards of the County.

SECTION 4. LEVY OF SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS. The Parties hereby acknowledge and agree that the non-ad valorem special assessments arising from a property owner's voluntary participation in the PACE program shall be levied by FRED on properties within the jurisdictional boundaries the County, and any act by the County

in the collection and distribution of any non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by FRED are purely ministerial acts.

SECTION 5. QUALIFYING IMPROVEMENTS. FRED may provide access to financing for Qualifying Improvements to real property within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County, in accordance with Section 163.08, Florida Statutes, and subject to the terms of this Agreement, as well as applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, and all operational program standards of the County.

SECTION 6. FINANCING AGREEMENT. Before extending any financing or subjecting any participating real property within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County to the non-ad valorem special assessment authorized therein, FRED and FDFC, through their designees, shall, on a non-exclusive basis pursuant to the Section 163.08, Florida Statutes and this Agreement, enter into a financing agreement (the "Financing Agreement") with property owner(s) within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County who qualify for financing through FRED. The Financing Agreement shall include a thorough explanation of the PACE financing process and specify at what point in the process the special assessment will be added to the real property's owner's property tax bills (after completion of the project(s), permit approval, and approval by the property owner).

SECTION 7. BOUNDARIES OF THE PACE PROGRAM. For the limited purposes of administering the PACE program and imposing non-ad valorem special assessments as described in this Agreement, the jurisdictional boundaries of FRED shall include the jurisdictional boundaries of the County, which jurisdictional boundaries may be limited, expanded to reflect annexation, or more specifically designated from time to time by the County by providing written notice to FRED. Upon execution of this Agreement and written request thereafter, the County agrees to provide FRED the current jurisdictional description of the jurisdictional boundaries of the County.

FRED shall allow the County sixty (60) days from the date the County formally joins FRED to identify the municipalities within the County that elect to opt out of FRED ("Initial Opt-Out Period"). Prior to the expiration of the Initial Opt-Out Period, the County shall deliver to the FRED a list of municipalities that have elected to opt out of FRED and its FDFC PACE Program. FRED may not process or approve applications from Broward County residents for participation in the Broward County PACE Program until an incorporated area has: 1) signed a Limited Member Interlocal Agreement directly with FRED authorizing its own PACE Program, 2) provided written notification to the County of its intent to participate in the Broward County PACE Program, or 3) after the Initial Opt Out Period, whichever comes first.

SECTION 8. ELIGIBLE PROPERTIES. Within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County, improved real property, including any residential, commercial,

agricultural and industrial use may be eligible for participation in the PACE program within the limits otherwise prescribed in Section 163.08, Florida Statutes, and County's PACE ordinance and resolutions.

SECTION 9. SURVIVAL OF SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS. During the term of this Agreement, FRED may levy voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments on participating properties within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County to help secure the financing of costs of Qualifying Improvements constructed or acquired on such properties based on the finding of special benefit by the Florida legislature. Those properties receiving financing for Qualifying Improvements shall be assessed by FRED until such time as the financing for such Qualified Improvement is repaid in full, in accordance with Section 163.08, Florida Statutes, and other applicable law. Notwithstanding termination of this Agreement or notice of a change in the jurisdictional boundaries of the County as provided for herein, those properties that have received financing for Qualifying Improvements shall continue to be a part of FRED, until such time that all outstanding debt has been satisfied.

SECTION 10. TERM. This Agreement shall remain in full force and effect from the date of its execution by both Parties. Any Party may terminate this Agreement for convenience upon ninety (90) days' prior written notice ("Termination Notice") in accordance with the terms of the Interlocal Agreement. The County may also terminate the inclusion of any municipality that elects to opt out of the Program ("Municipal Termination Notice") after the Initial Opt Out Period. Beginning on the date FRED receives a Termination Notice from the County or a Municipal Termination Notice ("Termination Date"), FRED shall not approve any new applications affecting property within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County or municipality referenced in the Termination Notice or Municipal Termination Notice. Notwithstanding termination of this Agreement, however, property owners whose applications were approved prior to the Termination Date, and who received funding through the PACE program, shall continue to be a part of FRED, for the sole purpose of FRED imposing assessments for the repayment of such property's outstanding debt, until such time that all outstanding debt has been satisfied.

In the event County terminates the Agreement or a municipality terminates their participation in the Agreement, FRED shall provide for on-going management of assessments related to any projects completed under FRED's auspices, continue to provide all of its services in a professional manner in accordance with the Agreement, and continue to work in good faith with the County regarding collection and distribution of remaining assessments. Notwithstanding the above, if the County terminates the Agreement it shall not affect any separate Limited member Interlocal Agreement between a municipality and FRED.

SECTION 11. CONSENT. This Agreement, together with the resolution by the governing board of the County approving this Agreement, shall be considered the

Parties' consent to authorize FRED to administer the PACE program within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County, as required by Section 163.08, Florida Statutes.

SECTION 12. COUNTY COORDINATOR. The Director of the Environmental Planning and Community Resilience Division within the County shall serve as the County's primary point of contact and coordinator. The County will advise FRED of any changes to the County's primary contact and coordinator within 30 days of such changes.

SECTION 13. CARBON OR SIMILAR CREDITS. To the extent permitted by law, in the event that the Financing Agreement or any other PACE agreement with the property owner provides for the transfer of any carbon or similar mitigation credits derived from Qualifying Improvements to FRED, any such carbon or similar mitigation credits derived from properties within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County, shall be shared in equal parts between FRED and the County.

SECTION 14. LIMITED OBLIGATIONS. Neither FRED nor FDFC is authorized to issue bonds, or any other form of debt, on behalf of the County pursuant to this Agreement or the Interlocal Agreement. To the extent that FRED or FDFC issues PACE-related bonds under its own authority in connection with this Agreement or the Interlocal Agreement, the security for such bonds may be secured by the voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by FRED on participating properties within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County. The issuance of such bonds shall not directly, indirectly, or contingently obligate the County to levy or to pledge any form of assessment or taxation whatsoever, or to levy ad valorem taxes on any property to pay the bonds, and the bonds and any bond obligations shall not constitute a lien upon any property owned by the County. For any such bonds, the bond disclosure document, if any, shall include references to the fact that the County is not an obligated party, and also adequately disclose material attendant risks with PACE programs.

SECTION 15. LIABILITY, INDEMNIFICATION AND SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY.

(A) To the extent applicable County and FRED shall be subject to Sections 768.28 and 163.01(9)(c), Florida Statutes, and any other provisions of Florida law governing sovereign immunity. Pursuant to Section 163.01(5)(o), Florida Statutes, and this covenant of the parties hereto, the local governments who are either or both the founders or members of FRED shall not be held jointly liable for the torts of the officers or employees of the FRED, or any other tort attributable to FRED, and that FRED alone shall be liable for any torts attributable to it or for torts of its officers, employees or agents, and then only to the extent of the waiver of sovereign immunity or limitation of liability as specified in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes. County and FRED acknowledge and agree that FRED shall have all of the applicable privileges and immunities from liability and exemptions from laws, ordinances, rules and common law which apply to

the municipalities and counties of the State. County is completely independent of FRED. To the extent provided by law, FRED, FDFC, and its approved PACE administrators shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless County and any of its municipalities (including current and former officers, agents, and employees), which have participated in and been subject to this Agreement, from any and all damages, claims, losses, expenditures and liability arising from the negligence, reckless, or intentional misconduct of FRED relating to operation of the PACE program or arising from or in connection to this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement is intended to inure to the benefit of any third-party for the purpose of allowing any claim, which would otherwise be barred under the doctrine of sovereign immunity or by operation of law.

- (B) Neither County, nor the local governments who are either or both the founders or members of the Agency, nor any subsequently joining or participating local government as members of FRED shall in any manner be obligated to pay any debts, obligations or liabilities arising as a result of any actions of FRED, the governing board of FRED or any other agents, employees, officers or officials, FDFC or its approved PACE administrators of FRED, except to the extent otherwise mutually and expressly agreed upon, and neither FRED, the governing board of FRED or any other agents, employees, officers or officials of FRED, FDFC or its approved PACE administrators have any authority or power to otherwise obligate either County, the local governments who are either or both the founders or members of FRED, nor any subsequently subscribing or participating local government in the business of FRED in any manner.
- (C) All of the privileges and immunities from liability and exemptions from laws, ordinances and rules which apply to the activity of officials, officers, agents or employees of the parties shall apply to the officials, officers, agents or employees thereof when performing their respective functions and duties under the provisions of this Agreement.
- (D) The obligations of this section shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Agreement.

SECTION 16. AGREEMENTS WITH TAX COLLECTOR AND PROPERTY APPRAISER. This Agreement shall be subject to the express condition precedent that FRED enter into separate agreement(s) with the tax collector and the property appraiser within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County, which shall provide for the collection and distribution of any of the voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by FRED within the jurisdictional boundaries of the County. If required by the tax collector and property appraiser, the County agrees to enter into those agreements as a third-party to facilitate the collection and distribution of the voluntary non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by FRED.

SECTION 17. OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL. FRED warrants, based on counsel's review of the bond validation judgment and the underlying bond documents that the FDFC PACE program's structure complies with the bond validation judgment and the underlying bond documents.

SECTION 18. AGENTS OF FRED. FRED shall ensure that its agents, administrators, subcontractors, successors and assigns are, at all times, in compliance with the terms of this Agreement and applicable County, state and federal laws.

SECTION 19. NONDISCRIMINATION. During the term of this Agreement, FRED, FDFC, and its Program Administrators shall not discriminate against any of its employees or applicants for employment, if any, and shall abide by all applicable federal, state, and County ordinances and resolutions regarding nondiscrimination protections for all the protected statuses enumerated therein.

SECTION 20. NOTICES. Any notices to be given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given if sent by hand delivery, recognized overnight courier (such as Federal Express), by certified U.S. mail with return receipt requested, or by electronic mail, if provided, addressed to the Party for whom it is intended, at the place specified. For the present, the Parties designate the following as the respective places for notice purposes:

If to FRED:

The Florida Resiliency and Energy District c/o Florida Development Finance Corporation William "Bill" F. Spivey, Jr. Executive Director 800 N. Magnolia Avenue, Suite 1100 Orlando, Florida 32803 407.956.5695 (t) bspivey@fdfcbonds.com

AND

Joseph Stanton, Esq.
Bank of America Center
390 North Orange Avenue
Suite 1400
Orlando, FL 32801-4961
407.839.4200 (t)
jstanton@broadandcassel.com

If to County:

Dr. Jennifer Jurado, Director Environmental Planning and Community Resilience Division 115 S. Andrews Avenue, Room 329H Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301 jjurado@broward.org

AND

County Attorney
Broward County Office of the County Attorney
115 S. Andrews Avenue, Room 423
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

SECTION 21. AMENDMENTS. No modification, amendment or alteration in the terms or conditions contained herein shall be effective unless contained in a written document prepared with the same or similar formality as this agreement and executed by the County and FRED or other delegated authority authorized to execute same on their behalf.

SECTION 22. JOINT EFFORT. The preparation of this Agreement has been a joint effort of the Parties hereto and the resulting document shall not, solely as a matter of judicial construction, be construed more severely against one of the Parties than the other.

SECTION 23. MERGER. This Agreement represents the final and complete understanding of the Parties regarding the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior and contemporaneous negotiations, correspondence, agreements, or understandings applicable to the matters contained herein; and the Parties agree that there are no commitments, agreements, or understandings concerning the subject matter of this Agreement that are not contained in this document. Accordingly, the Parties agree that no deviation from the terms hereof shall be predicated upon any prior representations or agreements, whether oral or written.

SECTION 24. ASSIGNMENT. The respective obligations of the Parties set forth in this Agreement shall not be assigned, in whole or in part, without the written consent of the other Party hereto.

SECTION 25. THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES. None of the Parties intend to directly or substantially benefit a third party by this Agreement. Therefore, the Parties acknowledge that there are no third party beneficiaries to this Agreement and that no third party shall be entitled to assert a right or claim against either of them based upon this Agreement; provided, however, that counsel to the Parties may rely on this

Agreement for purposes of providing any legal opinions required by the issuance of debt to finance the Qualifying Improvements.

- **SECTION 26. RECORDS.** The Parties shall each maintain their own respective records and documents associated with this Agreement in accordance with the requirements for records retention set forth in Chapter 119, Florida Statutes.
- **SECTION 27. RECORDING.** This Limited Purpose Party Membership Agreement shall be filed by FRED with the Finance and Administrative Services Department's Records, Taxes, and Treasury Division of the County and recorded in the public records of the County as an amendment to the Interlocal Agreement, in accordance with Section 163.01(11), Florida Statutes.
- **SECTION 28. SEVERABILITY.** In the event a portion of this Agreement is found to be unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, that part shall be deemed severed from this Agreement and the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.
- **SECTION 29. EFFECTIVE DATE.** This Agreement shall become effective upon the execution by both Parties hereto and filing pursuant to Section 163.01(11), F.S.
- **SECTION 30. NOTICE. FRED GOVERNING BOARD MEETINGS.** FRED shall provide the County thirty (30) day prior notice of FRED Governing Board meetings at which changes would be considered regarding fees charged and notices given to property owners, the approved Administrator agreements, or that could affect the County as a Limited Party.
- **SECTION 31.** LAW, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE. This Agreement shall be interpreted and construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the state of Florida. FRED, FDFC, their approved Administrators, and the County agree that the exclusive venue for any lawsuit arising from, related to, or in connection with this Agreement shall be in the state courts of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit in and for Broward County, Florida. If any claim arising from, related to, or in connection with this Agreement must be litigated in federal court, FRED, FDFC, their approved Administrators, and the County agree that the exclusive venue for any such lawsuit shall be in the United States District Court or United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Florida. BY ENTERING INTO THIS AGREEMENT, FRED, FDFC, THEIR APPROVED ADMINISTRATORS, AND THE COUNTY HEREBY EXPRESSLY WAIVE ANY RIGHTS EITHER PARTY MAY HAVE TO A TRIAL BY JURY OF ANY CIVIL LITIGATION RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT. IF A PARTY FAILS TO WITHDRAW A REQUEST FOR A JURY TRIAL IN A LAWSUIT ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT AFTER WRITTEN NOTICE BY THE OTHER PARTY OF

VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION, THE PARTY MAKING THE REQUEST FOR JURY TRIAL SHALL BE LIABLE FOR THE REASONABLE ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS OF THE OTHER PARTY IN CONTESTING THE REQUEST FOR JURY TRIAL, AND SUCH AMOUNTS SHALL BE AWARDED BY THE COURT IN ADJUDICATING THE MOTION.

SECTION 32. BREACH. A breach of this Agreement shall mean a material failure to comply with any of the provisions of this Agreement. If any party breaches any obligation herein, then, upon receipt of written notice by the non-breaching party, the breaching party shall, within 30 days after receiving written notice of such breach, proceed diligently and in good faith to take all commercially reasonable actions to cure such breach and shall continue to take all such actions until such breach is cured. Unless otherwise provided herein, the Parties to this Agreement may proceed at law or in equity to enforce their rights under this Agreement.

[SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO LIMITED PURPOSE PARTY MEMBERSHIP AGREEMENT]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Broward County, signing by and through its County Administrator authorized to execute same by the Broward County Board of County Commissioners' action on the 16th day of August, 2016, has executed this Limited Purpose Party Membership Agreement.

Christina Dal Print/ JODI GARDNER

BROWARD COUNTY, through its **COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR**

Approved as to form by Joni Armstrong Coffey **Broward County Attorney** Governmental Center, Suite 423 115 South Andrews Avenue Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301 Telephone: (954) 357-7600

Telecopier:

(954) 357-7641

Michael C. Owens (Date) Senior Assistant County Attorney

STATE OF FLORIDA **COUNTY OF BROWARD**

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me , 2017, by Bertha Henry County, Florida, who is personally me/has produced known' to as identification. Printed/Typed Name: Notary Public-State of Florida (SEAL) Commission Number:

Notary Public State of Florida Susan E Seferian My Commission FF 030088

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO LIMITED PURPOSE PARTY MEMBERSHIP AGREEMENT]

WITNESS:	FLORIDA DEVELOPMENT FINANCE
	CORPORATION on behalf of FLORIDA
Sample Schus	_ RESILIENCY AND ENERGY DISTRICT
	/
Jenniter Jenkins	_ / / / / /
A	By:
Λ	William "Bill" F. Spivey, Jr.
WITNESS:	Executive Director
WIMP //25	
1017	
(/ XINH BATTHERS	
J PIII	-
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF Orange	
() () ()	•
The foregoing instrument was	acknowledged before me this \ day of
1 1	F. Spivey, Jr., Executive Director of the Florida
<u> </u>	
	ho is personally known to me/has produced
as identification	\mathbf{n} . (\mathbf{p})
	1/9 0
	División Contra
RYAN GREENE	Printed/Typed Name: Lyon Greene
(SEAL) NOTARY PUBLIC	Notary Public-State of Florida
STATE OF FLORIDA Commit FF086544	Commission Number:
Expires 1/26/2018	FF086544
	•

Instr# 117773644 , Page 1 of 1, Recorded 12/02/2021 at 08:48 AM Broward County Commission



NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT

The undersigned hereby given notice that improvement will be made to certain real property, and in accordance with Chapter 713, Florida Statues the following information is provided in the Notice of Commencement.

PERMIT NUMBER:
1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY (Legal description & street address, if available) TAX FOLIO NO. 4841 21 30 0060
SUBDIVISIONBLOCKTRACTLOTBLDGUNIT
9055 NW 20 Ct. Coral Springs, FL 33005
2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF IMPROVEMENT: 12 IMPACT WINDOWS 3 IMPACT DOORS
3. OWNER INFORMATION: a. Name WILLIAM & SUZANNE SANTANA
b. Address 9655 NW 26 CT CORAL SPRINGS, FL 33065
Name and address of fee simple titleholder (if other than Owner)
4. CONTRACTOR'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER: NEWSOUTH WINDOW SOLUTIONS 1401 S STATE RD 7 NORTH LAUDERDALE. FL 33068
954-935-8300
5. SURETY'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER AND BOND AMOUNT:
6. LENDER'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER:
7. Persons within the State of Florida designated by Owner upon whom notices or other documents may be served as provided by Section 713.13 (1) (a) 7, Florida Statutes: NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER:
8. In addition to himself or herself, Owner designates the following to receive a copy of the Lienor's Notice as provided in Section 713.13 (1) (b), Florida Statutes: NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER:
9. Expiration date of notice of commencement (the expiration date is 1 year from the date of recording unless a different date is specified):
WARNING TO OWNER: ANY PAYMENTS MADE BY THE OWNER AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT ARE CONSIDERED IMPROPER PAYMENTS UNDER CHAPTER 713, PART I, SECTION 713.13, FLORIDA STATUTES, AND CAN RESULT IN YOUR PAYING TWICE FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY. A NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT MUST BE RECORDED AND POSTED ON THE JOB SITE HEFORE THE FIRST INSPECTION. IF YOU INTEND TO OBTAIN FINANCING, CONSULT WITH YOUR LENDER OR AN ATTORNEY BEFORE COMMENCING WORK OR RECORDING YOUR NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT. Signature of Owner's Authorized Officer/Director/Partner/Manager
State of Florida County of Broward County of Broward
The foregoing instrument was ucknowledged before me by means of Ophysical presence or Oonline notarization, this
STEVEN T CEDENO Notary Public-State of Florida Commission # GG 289569 My Commission Expires January 08, 2023 (Signature of Notary Public)

Under Penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read the foregoing and that the facts in it are true to the best of my knowledge and belief (Section 92.525, Florida Statutes).

Instr# 117814407 , Page 1 of 2, Recorded 12/20/2021 at 11:13 AM Broward County Commission

DocuSign Envelope ID: 1A6FD16A-0B24-437B-B353-C0ACF29E2690



RECORDED AND PREPARED BY AND AFTER RECORDATION RETURN TO:

Ygrene Energy Fund 2100 S. McDowell Blvd. Petaluma, CA 94954

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE IS FOR RECORDER'S USE ONLY SUMMARY MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

QUALIFYING IMPROVEMENTS FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY, RENEWABLE ENERGY, OR WIND RESISTANCE The property referenced herein is located within the jurisdiction of the Green Corridor Property Assessment Clean Energy (PACE) District, a local government that has placed an assessment on the property pursuant to §163.08, Florida Statutes. The assessment is for a Qualifying Improvement to the property relating to energy efficiency, renewable energy, or wind resistance.

Assessment Clean Energy (PACE) District, a public body corporate and politic duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Florida whose address is 5385 Nob Hill Road, Sunrise, FL 33351, (the "District") and all of the persons or entities identified below as the record owner(s) (the "Owner") of the fee title to the real property identified in Exhibit A ("the "Property"), have entered into an Agreement to Pay Assessments and Finance Qualifying Improvements (the "Agreement") for the purpose of financing the Qualifying Improvements listed in Exhibit B on the Property. The parties agreed that the District will collect a non-ad valorem special assessment to repay the costs of funding the Qualifying Improvements. The assessment to be levied on the Property constitutes a lien of equal dignity to county taxes and assessments that is effective from the date of recordation of this Summary Memorandum of Agreement. The final principal amount of the assessment will be set forth in an addendum to the Agreement to be recorded in the public records of the applicable county upon completion of the installation of the Qualifying Improvements. Except as otherwise provided in the Agreement, the Agreement shall expire upon the final payment or full prepayment of the non-ad valorem special assessment.

The financing is not being administered by your local municipal or county government, property appraiser, or tax collector. Questions regarding the financing should be directed to Ygrene's Toll-Free Telephone Number (866-634-1358) or Customer Service Email Address (customer.care@ygrene.com)

DESCRIPTION OF ESTIMATED COSTS AND TERMS OF FINANCING

30 INTEREST RATE: **REPAYMENT TERM:** years

\$6,916.86 Maximum Annual Assessment*

FL-336-4WQ79P Project Number: *Not including admin and county fees

Exhibit A: PROPERTY (LEGAL DESCRIPTION)

ROYAL PALM VILLAGE 131-35 B LOT 6 BLK A

Exhibit B: INITIAL DESCRIPTION OF QUALIFYING IMPROVEMENTS

High-Impact Windows, High-Impact Sliding Glass Doors



85D72123-1D3F-414F-8E84-4634390D9CAB --- 2021/12/17 14:00:28 -5:00 --- Remote Notary

01/01/2020

FL-336-4WO79P



DocuSign Envelope ID: 1A6FD16A-0B24-437B-B353-C0ACF29E2690

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24-4634390D9CAR	
F-RERA-ARRAGODOCAR	
414F-8F84-4634390D9CAR	
3E_414F_8E84_4634390D9CAB	
3-1D3E-414E-8E84-4634390D9CAR	
2122_1D2E_414E_RER4_462429DD9C_AR	
D70103_1D3E_414E_8E84_4634390D9CAR	
70103-1D3E-414E-8E84-4634390D9CAR	
D70103_1D3E_414E_8E84_4634390D9CAR	

ounty: Broward		Folio Number: 4	8-41-21-30-0060	
roperty Street Address: 9655 NW 26	6ТН СТ	'		
ity: CORAL SPRINGS	State: FL		Zip: 33065	
wner 1: William Santana	1			
wner 2: Suzanne Santana				
wner 3:				
wner 4:				
wner 5:				
wner 6:				
GREEN CORRI	DOR PROPERTY ASSESSM	IENT CLEAN ENERGY (PA)	CE) DISTRICT	
		•	•	
Name of Signatory: Paul Wi	inkeljohn	WET SI	IGNATURE	
Name of Signatory: Paul Wi		WET SI	IGNATURE	
	EER	Paul Wi	02921510	9000
Title of Signatory: DISTRICT OFFIC	ER	Paul Wi	nkeljohn	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Title of Signatory: DISTRICT OFFIC	DISTRICT NOTA	Paul Win	nkeljohn	9000
Title of Signatory: DISTRICT OFFICE Date: 12/17/2021 STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	DISTRICT NOTA ADE Divided before me by mean	Paul Win	nkeljohn unan 1411:17-500 un online notariz	1.7
Title of Signatory: DISTRICT OFFICE Date: 12/17/2021 STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF MIAMI-DA The foregoing instrument was acknowledged of December 22	DISTRICT NOTA DE District nota DE District nota District nota	Poul Winkeljohn	nkeljohn unan 1411:17-500 un online notariz	1.7
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Instr# 117923978 , Page 1 of 2, Recorded 02/08/2022 at 04:05 PM

Broward County Commission

Mtg Doc Stamps: \$0.00 Int Tax: \$0.00



RECORDED AND PREPARED BY AND AFTER RECORDATION RETURN TO: Ygrene Energy Fund 2100 S. McDowell Blvd. Petaluma, CA 94954

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE IS FOR RECORDER'S USE ONLY

ADDENDUM TO FINANCING AGREEMENT

QUALIFYING IMPROVEMENTS FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY, RENEWABLE ENERGY, OR WIND RESISTANCE The property referenced herein is located within the jurisdiction of the Green Corridor Property Assessment Clean Energy (PACE) District, a local government that has placed an assessment on the property pursuant to §163.08, Florida Statutes. The assessment is for a Qualifying Improvement to the property relating to energy efficiency, renewable energy, or wind resistance.

This Addendum to the Financing Agreement (the "Adde	ndum"), dated	02/04/2022	, provides notice
that the Green Corridor Property Assessment Clean En	nergy (PACE) District, a	public bod <mark>y</mark> corpor	ate and politic duly
organized and existing under the laws of the State of F	lorida whose address is	5385 Nob Hill Road	ا, Sunrise, FL 333 51
(the "District") and all of the persons or entities ident	ified below as the reco	ord owner(s) (the "	Owner") of the fee
title to the real property identified in Exhibit A ("the "Pr	operty"), have entered i	nto an Agreement	to Pay Assessments
and Finance Qualifying Improvements (the "Agreeme	nt"). A Summary Mem	orandum of Agree	ment, summarizing
the Agreement, was recorded in the public records o	fBrowardCou	unty of on <u>12/20</u>	1/2021in official
record book	,Pages	s1 . 2	In the
Agreement the parties agreed that the District will coll	ect a non-ad valorem sp	ecial assessment o	n the tax bill for the
Property to repay the costs of funding the Qualifying Imp	provements. As-of the re	ecording of this Add	lendum, the Owner
has certified to the District that the Qualifying Im	provements described	in Exhibit B have	been completed.
Accordingly, this Addendum supplements the previo	usly recorded Summar	y Memorandum A	greement with the
Final Description of Qualifying Improvements describe	ed in Exhibit B. The tota	l financed amount	, annual obligation,
and duration of the non-ad valorem special assessmer	it on the Property are s	et forth in Exhibit C	•

The financing is not being administered by your local municipal or county government, property appraiser, or tax collector. Questions regarding the financing should be directed to Ygrene's Toll-Free Telephone Number (866-634-1358) or Customer Service Email Address (customer.care@ygrene.com)

Exhibit A: PROPERTY (LEGAL DESCRIPTION)

ROYAL PALM VILLAGE 131-35 B LOT 6 BLK A

Exhibit B: FINAL DESCRIPTION OF QUALIFYING IMPROVEMENTS

High-Impact Windows, High-Impact Sliding Glass Doors

Exhibit C:

70785508-AE52-4BF9-A24C-CCBA2D859F8D --- 2022/02/07 11:49:35 -5:00 --- Remote Notary

Final Annual Special Assessment* \$3,975.33 Repayment Term:30 years

Interest Rate: ...7.990.... %

*Not including administrative and county fees



ADDENDUM TO FINANCING AGREEMENT

DOC ID: FL.GC.2.3

01/01/2020 FL-336-4WQ79P

1

County:	ON – Project Number: FL-336-4W Broward	Folio Number: 48-41-21-30-0060	
	55 NW 26TH CT, CORAL SPRIN		
Owner1: William Sa		,	
Owner 2: Suzanne S	Santana		
Owner 3:			
Owner4:			
Owner5:			
Owner 6:			
GR	EEN CORRIDOR PROPERT	Y ASSESSMENT CLEAN ENERGY (PACE) D	DISTRICT
Name of Signatory: F	Paul Winkeljohn	WET SIGNATURE	
Title of Signatory: DIST	TRICT OFFICER	Paul Winkeljohn	004831
DATE 2/7/2022	2	Signed on 2022/2007 14 35 (2 -5 00	
	DISTRICT N	OTARY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF MIAM	I-DADE		
		e by means of physical presence or online	
		20.22 Paul Winke	
personally known to r	ne or who has/have produced	(personally known) as identification	on.
[SEAL]		Signed on 202020207 1435 502 -5 000	
Mitchell J Freijo		Notary Public, State of Florida	
i i	tate of Florida Expires May 22, 2025	1	OMMISSION EXPIRES
Notary Stamp 2022/02/07 12:35:02 PST	90С2573Е	COMMISSION NUMBER	



ADDENDUM TO FINANCING AGREEMENT DOC ID: FL.GC.2.3

01/01/2020

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33065-4987

SANTANA, WILLIAM & SANTANA, SUZANNE 9655 NW 26TH CT CORAL SPRINGS, FL

2022 NOTICE OF PROPOSED PROPERTY TAXES AND PROPOSED OR ADOPTED NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS

Broward County Governmental Center Broward County Taxing Authorities

115 South Andrews Avenue, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301-1899

YOUR PROPERTY VALUE THIS YEAR 196,030 MUNICIPAL 389,710 SCHOOL BOARD 389,710 196,030 YOUR PROPERTY VALUE LAST YEAR 196,030 389,710 COUNTY SOH Red./Portability **Agricultural Classificatio** 10% Cap Reduction **Market Value**

NDEPENDENT		COUNTY	SCHOOL BOARD	MUNICIPAL	INDEP
389,710	Market Value	429,030	429,030	429,030	4
196,030	SOH Red./Portability	229,540	229,540	229,540	2
0	10% Cap Reduction	0	0	0	
0	Agricultural Classification	0	0	0	
0	Other Reduction	0	0	0	
193,680	Assessed/SOH	199,490	199,490	199,490	T
25,000	Homestead	25,000	25,000	25,000	
25,000	Add. Homestead	25,000	0	25,000	
0	Wid/Vet/Dis	0	0	0	
0	Senior	0	0	0	
0	Other Exemption	0	0	0	
143,680	Taxable	149,490	174,490	149,490	1

25,000 25,000 193,680

25,000 193,680

25,000 25,000

Add. Homestead

193,680

See reverse side for an explanation of above listed values.

143,680

168,680

143,680

Other Exemption

Taxable Senior

			.	Proposed Ad Valorem 1	n Taxes		
TAXING AUTHORITY *DEPENDENT TAXING DISTRICT / MSTU	LAST YEAR'S ACTUAL TAX RATE	THIS YEAR'S PROPOSED TAX RATE	YOUR PROPERTY TAXES LAST YEAR	YOUR TAXES THIS YEAR IF PROPOSED BUDGET CHANGE IS MADE	A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE PROPOSED TAXES AND BUDGET WILL BE HELD	YOUR TAX RATE THIS YEAR IF NO BUDGET CHANGE IS MADE	YOUR TAXES THIS YEAR IF NO BUDGET CHANGE IS MADE
COUNTY	(7 L	L	1 7 0 0	11	CONTENTED ACTIONS INC. TO A TO THE	L	C C
COUNTY COMMISSION VOTER APPROVED DEBT LEVY	0.1556	0.1384	792.17	20.69	rh 934-831-4000; commission chambers, 4th floor 115 S andrews ave, ft. laud. Sept 8, 5:01 pm	0.1384	20.69
BROWARD PUBLIC SCHOOLS							
BY STATE LAW	3.5700	3.2030	602.19	558.89	PH 754-321-2225: KATHLEEN C. WRIGHT ADM. BLDG.	3.1813	555.11
BY LOCAL BOARD	2.7480	2.7480	463.53	479.50	600 SE 3 AVE, FT. LAUD., SEPT 13, 5:30 PM	2.4488	427.29
VOTER APPROVED DEBT LEVY	0.1441	0.1873	24.31	32.68		0.1873	32.68
MUNICIPAL							
CORAL SPRINGS	6.0232	6.0232	865.41	900.41	PH 954-346-1723; CORAL SPRINGS CITY HALL	5.5108	823.81
VOTER APPROVED DEBT LEVY	0.2303	0.2114	33.09	31.60	9500 W SAMPLE ROAD, SEPT 12, 5:15 PM	0.2114	31.60
INDEPENDENT DISTRICTS							
SOUTH FL WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT	0.1061	0.0948	15.24	14.17	PH 561-686-8800: 3301 GUN CLUB RD, BLDG B-1	0.0948	14.17
SOUTH FL WATER MGMT D-OKEECHOBEE BASIN	0.1146	0.1026	16.47	15.34	W PALM BEACH, SEPT 8, 5:15 PM	0.1026	15.34
SOUTH FL WATER MGMT D-EVERGLADES CONST	0.0365	0.0327	5.24	4.89		0.0327	4.89
FLORIDA INLAND NAVIGATION DISTRICT	0.0320	0.0320	4.60	4.78	PH 561-627-3386: MIASF BUILDING	0.0287	4.29
					221 SW 3 AVE, FORT LAUDERDALE, SEPT 8, 5:05 PM		
CHILDREN'S SERVICES COUNCIL	0.4699	0.4699	67.52	70.25	PH 954-377-1000: CSC, 6600 W COMMERCIAL BLVD	0.4305	64.36
					LAUDERHILL, SEPT 7, 5:01 PM		
NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT	1.2770	1.6029	183.48	239.62	PH 954-473-7481: 1601 S ANDREWS AVE, STE 100 FORT TAUDERDALE, SEPT 15, 5:30 PM	1.1638	173.98
TOTAL AD VALOREM TAXES ***TOTAL NON_AD 17A1ODEM ASSESSMENTS			3,095.61	3,199.59			2,922.13
TOTAL NON AD VALONER ACCEDIENTS				0			
TOTAL OF AD VALOREM TAXES AND NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS (SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR DETAILS)			4,051.65	4,195.42			

*Note: Amounts shown on this form do NOT reflect early payment discounts you may have received or may be eligible to receive (Discounts are a maximum of 4 percent of the amounts shown on this form.)

If you feel the market value of your property is inaccurate or does not reflect fair market value, or if you are entitled to an exemption or classification that is not reflected above, contact the Broward County Property Appraiser at: 954–357–6835. 115 S ANDREWS AVE, RM 111 FT LAUDERDALE 4 Subserts Appraiser's office is unable to resolve the matter as to market value, classification or an exemption, you may file a petition for adjustment with the Value Adjustment with the Value Adjustment are available from the Broward County Property Appraiser and must be filed on or before — September 19, 2025

** Your final tax bill may contain non-ad valorem assessments which may not be reflected on this notice such as assessments for roads, fire, garbage, lighting, drainage, water, sewer, or other governmental services and facilities which may be levied by your county, city, or any special district and possible or additional ad valorem penalties.

The taxing authorities which set property taxes against your property

The purpose of the PUBLIC HEARINGS is to receive opinions from the will soon hold PUBLIC HEARINGS to adopt budgets and tax rates for general public and to answer questions on the proposed tax change and budget PRIOR TO TAKING FINAL ACTION the next year.

ENDENT

129,030 29,540 Each taxing authority may AMEND OR ALTER its proposals at the hearing. The taxing authorities listed below set your tax rates. The Broward County Property Appraiser sets your property value and applies exemptions.

25,000 25,000

99,490

If you have questions regarding your value or exemptions, please call the appropriate department listed on the back of this form.

49,490

Other Reduction

Assessed/SOH Homestead Wid/Vet/Dis PARCEL NUMBER 484121-30-0060

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 9655 NW 26 CT

ROYAL PALM VILLAGE 131-35 B LOT 6 BLK A



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SANTANA, WILLIAM & SANTANA, SUZANNE 9655 NW 26TH CT CORAL SPRINGS, FL

33065-4987

For the best service, please direct your call to the most appropriate BCPA Department:

Residential Property Values: 954-357-6831 Condo, Co-Op & Time-Share Values: 954-357-6832 Commercial Real Property Values: 954-357-6835 Agricultural Properties: 954-357-5793

Tangible/Commercial Personal Property: 954-357-6836 Exemptions and General Info: 954-357-6830 Report Homestead Fraud: 954-357-6900 Property Appraiser Marty Kiar: 954-357-6904

Proposed or Adopted Non-Ad Valorem Assessments

Local governments will soon hold public hearings to adopt non-ad valorem assessments for the next year. The purpose of the public hearings is to receive opinions from affected property owners and to answer questions on the proposed non-ad valorem assessments prior to taking action. All property owners have the right to appear at the public hearing and speak or file written objections to the non-ad valorem assessments. The written objection must be filed with the local government within 20 days of the first class notice required by sect. 197.3632, Florida Statutes --- this form constitutes the first class notice required by sect. 197.3632, Florida Statutes for county assessments and certain municipal assess-

LEVYING AUTHORITY/ PURPOSE OF NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENT	YOUR NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENT LAST YEAR	YOUR NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENT IF PROPOSED CHANGE IS MADE	LEVY RATE PARCEL UNITS AND UNIT OF MEASUREMENT	DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF PUBLIC HEARING AND TOTAL ASSESSMENT REVENUE TO BE COLLECTED
CORAL SPRINGS FIRE SERVICES ASSMNT	249.72	262.72	262.72 1 UNIT RESIDENTIAL	9500 W SAMPLE ROAD, SEPT 12, 5:15 PM
SUNSHINE WCD - 1	265.19	273.14	273.14 1 UNIT UNITS	3701 N UNIVERSITY DR, SEPT 14, 6:30 PM
CORAL SPRINGS SOLID WASTE ASSMNT	322.00	330.00	330.00 1 UNIT	PH 954-346-1723: CORAL SPRINGS CITY HALL 9500 W SAMPLE ROAD, SEPT 12, 5:15 PM
CORAL SPRINGS STORMWATER ASSESSMENT	119.13	129.97	RESIDENTIAL 129.97 1 UNIT	PH 954-346-1723: CORAL SPRINGS CITY HALL
**TOTAL NON-AD VALOREM	956.04	995.83	ERU	CITY WILL COLLECT \$4,511,450 IN ASSESSMENTS

TOTAL OF AD VALOREM
TAXES AND NON-AD
VALOREM ASSESSMENTS

4.051.65

4.195.42



2022 NOTICE OF PROPOSED PROPERTY TAXES AND PROPOSED OR ADOPTED NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS

Note: Amounts shown on this form do NOT reflect early payment discounts you may have received or may be eligible to receive. (Discounts are a maximum of 4 percent of the amounts shown on this form.)

2022 NOTICE OF PROPOSED PROPERTY TAXES AND PROPOSED OR ADOPTED NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS **EXPLANATION**

(Pursuant to Sec. 200.069, Florida Statutes)

EXPLANATION OF PROPERTY APPRAISER INFORMATION AND ADVALOREM TAXES:

COLUMN I -- "LAST YEAR'S ACTUAL TAX RATE"

This column shows the tax rate adopted by each taxing authority and applied to your property last year.

* COLUMN 2 -- "THIS YEAR'S PROPOSED TAX RATE"

This column shows what your tax rate will be this year under the BUDGET ACTUALLY PROPOSED by each taxing authority.

* COLUMN 3 -- "YOUR PROPERTY TAXES LAST YEAR"

This column shows the taxes that applied last year to your property. These amounts were based on budgets adopted last year and your property's previous taxable value.

* COLUMN 4 -- "YOUR TAXES IF PROPOSED BUDGET CHANGE IS ADOPTED"

This column shows what your taxes will be this year under the BUDGET ACTUALLY PROPOSED by each local taxing authority. The proposal is NOT final and may be amended at the public hearings shown on the front side of this notice.

* COLUMN 5 -- "YOUR TAX RATE THIS YEAR IF NO BUDGET CHANGE IS MADE"

This column shows what your tax rate will be IF EACH TAXING AUTHORITY DOES NOT CHANGE ITS PROPERTY TAX LEVY. It is commonly referred to as the "roll-back rate" and is the rate that would generate the same amount of revenue as the prior year.

* COLUMN 6 -- "YOUR TAXES IF NO BUDGET CHANGE IS ADOPTED"

This column shows what your taxes will be this year IF EACH TAXING AUTHOR-ITY DOES NOT CHANGE ITS PROPERTY TAX LEVY. These amounts are based on last year's budgets and your current assessment. The difference between columns 4 and 6 is the tax change proposed by each local taxing authority and is NOT the result

MARKET VALUE:

This is our opinion of the real value of your property on the open market on January I of this year (based upon qualified sales of similar properties last year).

ASSESSED/SOH VALUE:

This is the market value of your property minus any assessment /classification reductions

ASSESSMENT REDUCTIONS:

Properties can receive an assessment reduction for a number of reasons, including the Save Our Homes (SOH) benefit, portability, the 10% cap property assessment limitation and the agricultural classification. Not all assessment reductions apply to all taxing authorities.

EXEMPTIONS:

Specific dollar or percentage reductions in value are based on certain qualifications of the property owner. Exemption examples include $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($ homestead/additional homestead, widow/widower, disabled veteran, disability and seniors. The value of each exemption on your property is listed, as applicable, to the various taxing authorities.

TAXABLE VALUE:

This is the value used to calculate the taxes on your property. The taxable value is the assessed value minus the value of your exemptions.

NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS:

Ad valorem taxes are set based on the value of property. Non-ad valorem assessments are set based on characteristics including (but not limited to) type of building, lot size, building size, or number of residential units. Non-ad valorem assessments are placed on this notice at the request of the local governing boards. The Broward County Revenue Collection Division will be including these on your November tax bill. For details on particular non-ad valorem assessments, contact the taxing authorities listed above. The phone number for each is listed in the column with the date, time and location of the public hearing. FAILURE TO PAY TAXES AND NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS WILL RESULT IN THE ISSUANCE OF A TAX CERTIFICATE AND MAY RESULT IN THE LOSS OF TITLE.

Your final tax bill may contain non-ad valorem assessments which may not be reflected on this notice such as assessments for roads, fire, garbage, lighting, drainage, water, sewer, or other governmental services and facilities which may be set by your county, city, or any special district.

CHALLENGING YOUR ASSESSMENT

You may file Value Adjustment Board petitions online at https://bcvab.broward.org/axiaweb2022. Have questions for the **Value Adjustment Board** about your petition? Contact them directly at **954-357-7205**. The filing deadline is September 19, 2022.

BROWARD COUNTY

2021 Paid Real Estate Folio: 40926 Notice of Ad Valorem Tax and Non-Ad Valorem Assessments

BROWARD COUNTY		id Real Estate f Ad Valorem Tax a	nd Non-Ad Valo		o: 40926	39.58 .LC DBA
Property ID Number 484121-30-0060	Escrow Code CL-0012322	Assessed Value See Below	Exemptions See Below	Taxable Value See Below	Millage Code 2812	\$3,889. MTG LL(
ANTANA,WILLIAM &	CL-0012322	See Delow	See Below	See Below	2012	AR ∟
ANTANA, SUZANNE 655 NW 26 CT	65-4987 B			ENTS MUST BE MADE I N ON US BANK ACCOU		EEX-21-00000456 Paid By NATIONST,

SANTANA, WILLIAM & SANTANA, SUZANNE 9655 NW 26 CT

9655 NW 26 CT **ROYAL PALM VILLAGE 131-35 B** LOT 6 BLK A

Toying Authority	Al Millage	D VALOREM TAXES Assessed Val	Exemptions	Taxable Val	Taxes Levied #
Taxing Authority	willage	Assessed Val	Exemplions	i axabie vai	Taxes Levied
BROWARD COUNTY GOVERNMENT					[.5
COUNTYWIDE SERVICES	5.51340	193,680	50,000	143,680	792.17
VOTED DEBT	0.15560	193,680	50,000	143,680	792.17 22.36
BROWARD CO SCHOOL BOARD					<u> </u>
GENERAL FUND	4.81800	193,680	25,000	168,680	812.70 -
CAPITAL OUTLAY	1.50000	193,680	25,000	168.680	253.02
VOTER APPROVED DEBT LEVY	0.14410	193,680	25,000	168,680	24.31
SO FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT		.00,000	_0,000	.00,000	8
EVERGLADES C.P.	0.03650	193,680	50.000	143,680	5.24
OKEECHOBEE BASIN	0.11460	193.680	50.000	143.680	16.47
SFWMD DISTRICT	0.10610	193,680	50.000	143.680	15.24
NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL	1.27700	193,680	50,000	143,680	183.48
CHILDREN'S SVCS COUNCIL OF BC	0.46990	193,680	50.000	143.680	67.52
CITY OF CORAL SPRINGS	0.40000	130,000	30,000	140,000	07.02
CORAL SPRINGS OPERATING	6.02320	193.680	50.000	143,680	865.41
DEBT SERVICE	0.23030	193,680	50,000	143,680	33.09
FL INLAND NAVIGATION	0.03200	193,680	50,000	143,680	4.60
L INCAND NAVIGATION	0.03200	193,000	50,000	143,000	4.00

	Total Millage:	20.42070	Ad Valorem Taxes:	\$3,095.61
Levying Authority		NON-AD VALOREM	TAXES Rate	Amount
28 CORAL SPRGS I	FIRE SERV ASSMT			249.72
28 CORAL SPRING	S STORMWATER		@ 119.1300	119.13
CRS CORAL SPRIN	IGS SOLID WASTE		@ 322.0000	322.00
S SUNSHINE DRAIN	NAGE 1		@ 265.1900	265.19
			Non-Ad Valorem Assessments:	\$956.04
		Cor	mbined Taxes and Assessments:	\$4,051.65
If Postmarked By	Nov 30, 2021			
Please Pay	\$0.00			

BROWARD COUNTY

2021 Paid Real Estate

Folio: 40926

Notice of Ad Valorem Tax and Non-Ad Valorem Assessments

Paid 11/22/2021 Receipt #

EEX-21-00000456

\$3,889.58

Paid By NATIONSTAR MTG LLC DBA MR. C

Make checks payable to:

BROWARD COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR GOVERNMENTAL CENTER ANNEX 115 S. ANDREWS AVENUE, ROOM # A100 FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33301-1895

Property ID Number 484121-30-0060

PAYMENTS MUST BE MADE IN US FUNDS AND DRAWN ON US BANK ACCOUNT

SANTANA, WILLIAM & SANTANA, SUZANNE 9655 NW 26 CT CORAL SPRINGS, FL 33065-4987

PAY YOUR TAXES ONLINE AT: broward.county-taxes.com

If Postmarked By	Please Pay	ק	
Nov 30, 2021	\$0.00	Return	
		with	
		Payment	
Disease Devi Only One America			

Please Pay Only One Amount

BROWARD COUNTY

2022 Paid Real Estate Notice of Ad Valorem Tax and Non-Ad Valorem Assessments

ROWARD COUNTY		id Real Estate f Ad Valorem Tax a	nd Non-Ad Valo		o: 40926	1 41.49 LLC DBA
Property ID Number 484121-30-0060	Escrow Code CL-0012322	Assessed Value See Below	Exemptions See Below	Taxable Value See Below	Millage Code 2812	\$8,0 MTG L
ANTANA, WILLIAM & ANTANA, SUZANNE 155 NW 26 CT DRAL SPRINGS, FL 330 55 NW 26 CT DYAL PALM VILLAGE 131-35 DT 6 BLK A	65-4987 B			ENTS MUST BE MADE I N ON US BANK ACCOL		EEX-22-00000920 Paid By NATIONSTAR

SANTANA, WILLIAM & SANTANA, SUZANNE 9655 NW 26 CT

CORAL SPRINGS, FL 33065-4987

9655 NW 26 CT **ROYAL PALM VILLAGE 131-35 B** LOT 6 BLK A

Taxing Authority	AD Millage	VALOREM TAXES Assessed Val	Exemptions	Taxable Val	Taxes Levied	-41
,	wiiiage	ASSESSEU Vai	Exemplions	i axable vai		
BROWARD COUNTY GOVERNMENT						ceipt
COUNTYWIDE SERVICES	5.53060	199,490	50,000	149,490		
VOTED DEBT	0.13840	199,490	50,000	149,490	20.69	ŞΘ
BROWARD CO SCHOOL BOARD						ш.
GENERAL FUND	4.45100	199,490	25,000	174,490	776.65	2
CAPITAL OUTLAY	1.50000	199,490	25,000	174,490	261.74	02
VOTER APPROVED DEBT LEVY	0.18730	199,490	25,000	174,490	32.68	/2
SO FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT		,	,	,	32.68	29
EVERGLADES C.P.	0.03270	199,490	50,000	149,490		1/
OKEECHOBEE BASIN	0.10260	199,490	50,000	149,490	15.34	7
SFWMD DISTRICT	0.09480	199,490	50.000	149,490	14.17 239.62	ы
NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL	1.60290	199,490	50,000	149,490	239.62	ď
CHILDREN'S SVCS COUNCIL OF BC	0.45000	199,490	50,000	149,490	67.27	_
CITY OF CORAL SPRINGS		,	,	,		
CORAL SPRINGS OPERATING	6.02320	199,490	50,000	149,490	900.41	
DEBT SERVICE	0.21140	199,490	50,000	149,490	31.60	
FL INLAND NAVIGATION	0.03200	199,490	50,000	149,490	4.78	
	0.00200	.00,.00	00,000	,	•	

	Total Millage:	20.35690	Ad Valorem Taxes:	\$3,196.61
Levying Authority		NON-AD VALOREM	TAXES Rate	Amount
28 CORAL SPRGS	FIRE SERV ASSMT			262.72
	S STORMWATER		@ 129.9700	129.97
CRS CORAL SPRIN	CRS CORAL SPRINGS SOLID WASTE		@ 330.0000	330.00
GRC PACE GREEN CORRIDOR				4,016.75
S SUNSHINE DRAII	NAGE 1	@ 273.1400		273.14
			Non-Ad Valorem Assessments:	\$5,012.58
		Cor	mbined Taxes and Assessments:	\$8,209.19
If Postmarked By	Nov 30, 2022			
Please Pay	\$0.00			

BROWARD COUNTY

2022 Paid Real Estate

Folio: 40926

Notice of Ad Valorem Tax and Non-Ad Valorem Assessments

Paid 11/29/2022 Receipt #

EEX-22-00000920

\$8,041.49

Paid By NATIONSTAR MTG LLC DBA MR. C

Make checks payable to:

BROWARD COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR GOVERNMENTAL CENTER ANNEX 115 S. ANDREWS AVENUE, ROOM # A100 FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33301-1895

Property ID Number 484121-30-0060

PAYMENTS MUST BE MADE IN US FUNDS AND DRAWN ON US BANK ACCOUNT

SANTANA, WILLIAM & SANTANA, SUZANNE 9655 NW 26 CT CORAL SPRINGS, FL 33065-4987 **PAY YOUR TAXES ONLINE AT:** broward.county-taxes.com

If Postmarked By	Please Pay	ج ج
Nov 30, 2022	\$0.00	Return with
		with
		Payı
		Payment

Please Pay Only One Amount



PACE ASSESSMENT PAY-OFF STATEMENT
STATEMENT DATE: 08/16/19 ORIGINAL ASSESSMENT: \$12,425.84
PAYOFF AMOUNT: \$12,992.12 ASSESSMENT DATE: 2019-04-03
VALID THROUGH: 12/15/2019 ASSESSMENT CONTRACT ID
COUNTY: Broward BOND ID:
PROPERTY OWNER(S): DAVID
PARCEL ID:
PROPERTY ADDRESS:

PAYOFF BREAKDOWN

Prepaid Assessment Principal:	\$12,425.84	
Delinquent Assessment Installments:		
Prepayment Processing Fee:	\$100.00	
Prepayment Fee:		
Recording Fee:	\$32.00	
Interest:	\$434.28	
CREDITS		
Current Year Assessment Payments		
Reserve Fund		
Capitalized Interest		
Excess/Unexpected Project Funds		
Waiver of Prepayment Fees		
Payoff Amount	\$12,992.12	

PAYMENT STUB

(Please include with check remittance)
TOTAL PAYOFF AMOUNT IS \$12,992.12 AND IS GOOD THROUGH 12/15/2019

MAIL IN PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Please provide notification of payment via email to Inquiry@CPPACE.com. Include your check number, parcel ID (APN), and Assessment Contract ID in your email notification. Please mail your check made payable to: FLORIDA PACE FUNDING AGENCY Write your parcel ID (APN) and Assessment Contract ID on the check, and mail to the following address with this Payment Stub to:

Wilmington Trust, N.A. – Attn: Corporate Trust 213 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17101

WIRE PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS

Please provide notification of the wire payment via email to Inquiry@CPPACE.com. Include your parcel ID (APN) and Assessment Contract ID in your email notification: Include all the following information with in your wire payment.

Bank Name	M&T Bank
ABA	
Account No.	
Account Name	
Reference	Assessment Payoff

Property Owner Signature	Date
Requester's Initials	

Please Note: This assessment will be enrolled for the 2019 tax year on 9/1/2019. The payoff calculation is not reduced by the amount of the assessment payment for the 2019 tax year, which is due by 3/31/2020. We will make every effort to remove your assessment from the tax role. If we are unable to remove your assessment from the tax roll, when we receive the assessment payment from the tax collector we will remit the funds to you, net of any collection costs of the Agency, the tax collector and the property appraiser in accordance with the instructions from the property owner.



PAYOFF QUOTE

Dated: 2/4/2021

PROPERTY INFORMATION

PROPERTY OWNER(S):

PARCEL NUMBER:

PROPERTY ADDRESS:

COUNTY: Broward

	PROJECT ID	ORIGINAL LIEN AMOUNT	OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL	INTEREST AMOUNT	REDEMPTION PREMIUM	REDEMPTION AMOUNT	REMAINING BALANCE ¹
	- FROJECT ID	\$24,863.99	\$20,530.01	\$235.41	0.00%	\$0.00	\$20,765.42
		' '	\$20,330.01	3233.4I	0.00%	٥٥.٥٥	' '
h	PAYOFF PROCESSING F	EE: ²					\$165.00
	TOTAL PAYOFF AMOU	NT DUE IF PAID BY <u>2/2</u>	<u>28/2021</u> : ³				\$20,930.42
	TOTAL PAYOFF AMOU	NT DUE IF PAID BY 3/3	31/2021: ³				\$21.048.13

1. Remaining Balance: Total amount due to pay off your PACE assessment in full. This includes Outstanding Principal, Interest and Redemption Premium. Once Payoff Amount is received and processed the Satisfaction of Agreement will be recorded with the County.

The Tax Year 2020 PACE assessment will be removed from your property tax bill which will prompt your taxing authority to generate a corrected tax bill. If you do not receive a corrected tax bill or, have already paid your tax bill and have not received a refund from the county, please contact Ygrene.

- 2. Fee includes the removal of the assessments from the property tax bill, recording of the Satisfaction of Agreement with the County and Escrow Agent fee.
- 3. Your payment will be returned if your check has a different amount other than the Total Payoff Amount. Interest is accrued as of January 1, 2021 through Paid By Date.
- 4. Please send payment 5 to 7 days prior to Paid By Date to ensure receipt.

This quote is only valid if the escrow or cashier's check is in the amount listed above and physically received at Zions Bank by one of the dates listed above

REMITTER INFORMATION: In case there are questions regarding your payment or a refund needs to be issued, please provide contact information.

Name:	Return Address:
Phone Number:	Email Address:

PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS

ACCEPTABLE PAYMENT METHODS: CASHIERS CHECK OR ESCROW CHECKS NO PERSONAL CHECKS WILL BE ACCEPTED.

PLEASE REMIT PAYMENT BY U.S. OR CERTIFIED MAIL OR OVERNIGHT DELIVERY SERVICE TO:

PLEASE MAKE YOUR CHECK PAYABLE TO: ZIONS BANK AS TRUSTEE FOR GREEN CORRIDOR PACE ZIONS BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION ATTENTION: CORPORATE TRUST DEPARTMENT

550 SOUTH HOPE STREET, SUITE 2875

LOS ANGELES, CA 90071

NOTICE:

Payments will be validated by Zions Bank prior to acceptance.

Any changes or modifications to this document will void the quote.

Payments received without a copy of this payoff quote will be returned.

Please allow 3 to 4 weeks to record the Satisfaction of Agreement with the County.

Please note that Zions Bank does not participate in the process of the Satisfaction of Agreement.

Please contact Ygrene Customer Care for questions regarding this quote at 866-634-1358.

Ultimately the property owner is responsible for ensuring the property taxes are paid correctly and on time.



Wrapping Up 2017

PACE Payoff Issues; 2018 Legislative Session Coming

Dear Members,

This is my last email for 2017. It's been a GREAT year here at The Fund and I hope you have had a good year as well. Best wishes for the holiday season! I look forward to the challenges 2018 will bring and will do everything I can to make it another great year for Fund Members.

PACE Agreement Pay-Off Issues

Property Assessed Clean Energy programs (PACE) provide funding for certain energy efficiency and wind resistance improvements desired by homeowners. The funding is paid back through a non-ad valorem assessment on the owner's real property tax bill.

The way in which PACE loans are paid off has a few unique twists, creating issues for some Members post- closing. These issues have come to light since the September 2017 Concept article on the topic. You can read the full article here. (/member/fund-concept/the-fund-concept/archives/2017/september-2017/pace-picks-up-in-florida.aspx)

Some PACE assessments are not reflected in the owner's TRIM Notice, but do show up on the tax bill when issued in November. PACE assessments may be delayed for up to 18 Months – projects funded before June 30 generally appear on the current year's tax bill and those funded on or after July 1 will typically appear on the NEXT year's tax bill.

- The consensus is that the annual PACE assessment should not be prorated, but charged 100% to the seller. Some non-ad valorem assessments are prorated but this is because they are for on-going services (e.g., wastewater, garbage collection). PACE assessments are different because they are paying back monies used for improvements made to the home.
- If the new lender requires you to escrow the taxes for the year of closing, you will be short in November if you don't inquire about the PACE assessment and collect for it
- Obtain information from the Seller (or PACE servicer) about the payment schedule so that the PACE amount can be properly calculated. This step is necessary because the payoff from the PACE servicer may not include the amount of the first assessment (which is scheduled to be paid/collected with the current year's tax bill in November.)
- Require the buyer and seller to execute a re-proration/post-closing adjustment agreement for both ad valorem and non-ad valorem taxes to address the possibility that a proration or charge is inaccurately calculated.

Correspondence from PACE administrators indicates that the final release of lien (satisfaction of the PACE Agreement) will not be recorded until the property tax payment window closes in March and taxes are confirmed paid. This could result in a significant delay in getting the release.

FHA recently changed its course and will no longer insure mortgages on properties where there is an outstanding PACE assessment/loan. The concerns come from loss of priority for mortgages (PACE assessments come ahead of mortgage just like property taxes) and the lack of appropriate disclosures to the consumer/property owner before they enter into the PACE agreement. I am not sure what this all means from a day to day perspective. If this is FHA's policy, then it seems to me PACE assessments will have to be paid off at closing if there is an FHA mortgage involved, i.e., the buyer will not be able to "assume" the PACE assessment.

Legislative Session

The 2018 legislative session kicks off on January 9. There is a fair amount going on – I hear that the atmosphere in Tallahassee is tense and there is not much collegiality amongst the troops. Regardless, we are keeping our eyes on legislation regarding the Marketable Record Title Act (expanding the exception for certain types of covenants), limits on promotional items an insurance agent can give away, safe-harbor language for deeds containing a spousal waiver of their homestead rights, and remote/on-line notarization. It is this latter bill that will most dramatically affect your day to day practice.

Let me know how we can help you!

Best Regards, Melissa Jay Murphy Senior Vice President and General Counsel

12/20/2017 8:41:46 AM



CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE

Certified Paralegals are required to record evidence of 50 hours of continuing legal education hours to renew the CP credential every 5 years. CLE hours are recorded in CPs' accounts through the NALA online portal. Of the 50 hours, 5 hours must be in legal ethics, and no more than 10 hours may be recorded in non-substantive areas. If attending a non-NALA sponsored educational event, this certificate may be used to obtain verification of attendance. Please be sure to obtain the required signatures for verification of attendance. The requirements to maintain the CP credential are available from NALA's web site at https://www.nala.org/certification/certtest2view. Please keep this certificate in the event of a CLE audit or further information is needed.

PLEASE COMPLETE THE SPACES BELOW AND ATTACH A PROGRAM

Session Length	Session Topics	Validation
In Hours	(Description and Speakers)	of Attendance
1.0	Four Mean Liens and One Lean Lien - Linda Monaco	Linda Monaco

Name of CP (Please Print)	NALA Account Number (On Mailing Label)
	149113
Signature of CP	Name of Seminar/Program Sponsor
	Attorneys' Title Fund Services, Inc.
Address	Authorized Signature of Sponsor Representative
	Linda Monaco
	Date of Educational Event:
City: State (XX):	
Preferred e-mail address	Location:
	recorded webinar

For Office Use Only	
Substantive hours	
Non-substantive hours	
Ethics	



FL BAR Reference Number: 2400683N

Title: 4 Mean Liens and One Lean Lien

Level: Intermediate

Approval Period: 05/01/2024 - 11/30/2025

CLE Credits

General 1.0

Certification Credits

Real Estate 1.0